STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



DIVISION 2

CONTRACT PROPOSAL

CONTRACT: DB00081 WBS ELEMENT: 17BP.2.P.13

ROUTES: SR 1230, SR 1005

COUNTY: Pamlico

DESCRIPTION: Bridge Preservation – Pile Encapsulation and Repairs

on Bridges #11 on SR 1230, #12 on SR 1005, and #21 on

SR 1005

BID OPENING: Wednesday, June 27, 2012

NOTICE:

ALL BIDDERS SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICE OF GENERAL CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA WHICH REQUIRES THE BIDDER TO BE LICENSED BY THE N.C. LICENSING BOARD FOR CONTRACTORS WHEN BIDDING ON ANY NON-FEDERAL AID PROJECT WHERE THE BID IS \$30,000 OR MORE, EXCEPT FOR CERTAIN SPECIALTY WORK AS DETERMINED BY THE LICENSING BOARD OR SBE PROJECT. BIDDERS SHALL ALSO COMPLY WITH ALL OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS REGULATING THE PRACTICES OF ELECTRICAL, PLUMBING, HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING AND REFRIGERATION CONTRACTING AS CONTAINED IN CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA. NOT WITHSTANDING THESE LIMITATIONS ON BIDDING, THE BIDDER WHO IS AWARDED ANY PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH CHAPTER 87 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR LICENSING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN 60 CALENDAR DAYS OF BID OPENING, REGARDLESS OF FUNDING SOURCES.

NAME OF BIDDER

N.C. CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE NUMBER

ADDRESS OF BIDDER

RETURN BIDS TO:

N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Attn: Aaron Bullard, PE 105 Pactolus Highway P O Box 1587 Greenville, NC 27835-1587

Per items 11 - 13 of the instructions on page 3

PROPOSAL FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF CONTRACT No. DB00081 IN PAMLICO COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Date	20
DEPARTMENT OF T	TRANSPORTATION,
RALEIGH, NOR	TH CAROLINA

The Bidder has carefully examined the location of the proposed work to be known as Contract No. <u>DB00081</u>; has carefully examined the plans and specifications, which are acknowledged to be part of the proposal, the special provisions, the proposal, the form of contract, and the forms of contract payment bond and contract performance bond; and thoroughly understands the stipulations, requirements and provisions. The undersigned bidder agrees to bound upon his execution of the bid and subsequent award to him in accordance with this proposal to provide the necessary contract payment bond and contract performance bond within fourteen days after the written notice of award is received by him. The undersigned Bidder further agrees to provide all necessary machinery, tools, labor, and other means of construction; and to do all the work and to furnish all materials, except as otherwise noted, necessary to perform and complete the said contract in accordance with the 2012 Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures by the dates(s) specified in the Project Special Provisions and in accordance with the requirements of the Engineer, and at the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, for the various items given on the sheets contained herein.

The Bidder shall provide and furnish all the materials, machinery, implements, appliances and tools, and perform the work and required labor to construct and complete State Highway Contract No. <u>DB00081</u> in <u>Pamlico County</u>, for the unit or lump sum prices, as the case may be, bid by the Bidder in his bid and according to the proposal, plans, and specifications prepared by said Department, which proposal, plans, and specifications show the details covering this project, and hereby become a part of this contract.

The published volume entitled North Carolina Department of Transportation, Raleigh, Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures, January 2012 with all amendments and supplements thereto, is by reference incorporated into and made a part of this contract; that, except as herein modified, all the construction and work included in this contract is to be done in accordance with the specifications contained in said volume, and amendments and supplements thereto, under the direction of the Engineer.

If the proposal is accepted and the award is made, the contract is valid only when signed either by the Contract Officer or such other person as may be designated by the Secretary to sign for the Department of Transportation. The conditions and provisions herein cannot be changed except over the signature of the said Contract Officer.

The quantities shown in the itemized proposal for the project are considered to be approximate only and are given as the basis for comparison of bids. The Department of Transportation may increase or decrease the quantity of any item or portion of the work as may be deemed necessary or expedient.

An increase or decrease in the quantity of an item will not be regarded as sufficient ground for an increase or decrease in the unit prices, nor in the time allowed for the completion of the work, except as provided for the contract.

A bid bond is not required for this Contract.



Division Contract Officer

CONTENTS

Instructions to Bidders	3
Project Special Provisions	
Description	4
Contract Time and Liquidated Damages	
Computer Bid Preparation (Optional)	
Bids	
Contract Payment and Performance Bond	
Extension of Contract Time	
No Major Contract Items	
No Specialty Items	
Minority Business Enterprise and Women Business Enterprise	
Subsurface Information	
Locating Existing Underground Utilities	
Twelve Month Guarantee	
Outsourcing Outside the USA	
Gifts from Vendors and Contractors	
Employment	19
Roadway	
Structures	22
Standard Special Provisions	
Availability of Funds – Termination of Contracts	49
Errata	
Plant and Pest Quarantines	51
Minimum Wages	52
On-the-Job Training	53

Award Limits on Multiple Projects Listing of MBE & WBE Subcontractors Execution of Bid Sheets Contract Bid Form

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

PLEASE READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE PREPARING AND SUBMITTING YOUR BID.

All bids shall be prepared and submitted in accordance with the following requirements, except that bids may be prepared by electronic means as described elsewhere in the proposal. Failure to comply with any requirement shall cause the bid to be considered irregular and shall be grounds for rejection of the bid.

- The bid form furnished by NCDOT with the proposal shall be used and shall not be altered in any manner. DO NOT SEPARATE THE BID FORM FROM THE PROPOSAL!
- 2. All entries on the bid form, including signatures, shall be written in ink.
- 3. The Bidder shall submit a unit price for every item on the bid form. The unit prices for the various contract items shall be written in figures. ***Unit Prices shall be rounded off by the bidder to contain no more than FOUR decimal places.***
- 4. An amount bid shall be entered on the bid form for every item. The amount bid for each item shall be determined by multiplying each unit bid by the quantity for that item, and shall be written in figures in the "Amount Bid" column of the form
- 5. The total amount bid shall be written in figures in the proper place on the bid form. The total amount shall be determined by adding the amounts bid for each item.
- **6.** Changes in any entry shall be made by marking through the entry in ink and making the correct entry adjacent thereto in ink. A representative of the Bidder shall initial the change in ink.
- 7. The bid shall be properly executed. All bids shall show the following information:
 - a. Name of individual, firm, corporation, partnership, or joint venture submitting bid.
 - b. Name and signature of individual or representative submitting bid and position or title.
 - c. Name, signature, and position or title of witness.
 - d. Federal Identification Number (or Social Security Number of Individual)
 - e. Contractor's License Number (if Applicable)
- **8.** Bids submitted by corporations shall bear the seal of the corporation.
- **9.** The bid shall not contain any unauthorized additions, deletions, or conditional bids.
- 10. The bidder shall not add any provision reserving the right to accept or reject an award, or to enter into a contract pursuant to an award.
- 11. THE PROPOSAL WITH THE BID SHEET STILL ATTACHED SHALL BE PLACED IN A SEALED ENVELOPE AND SHALL HAVE BEEN DELIVERED TO AND RECEIVED IN THE DIVISION TWO ENGINEER'S OFFICE AT 105 PACTOLUS HIGHWAY, GREENVILLE, NC 27834 BY 11:00 AM ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 2012.
- 12. The sealed bid must display the following statement on the front of the sealed envelope:

ATTN: AARON BULLARD, PE QUOTATION FOR BRIDGE PRESERVATION & REPAIRS ON BRIDGES #11, #12, & #21 IN PAMLICO COUNTY TO BE OPENED AT 11:00 AM, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 27, 2012

13. If delivered by mail, the sealed envelope shall be placed in another sealed envelope and the outer envelope shall be addressed as follows:

NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ATTN: AARON BULLARD, PE PO BOX 1587 GREENVILLE, NC 27835-1587

AWARD OF CONTRACT

The award of the contract, if it be awarded, will be made to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with Section 102 (excluding 102-10) of the Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures 2012. The lowest responsible bidder will be notified that his bid has been accepted and that he has been awarded the contract. NCDOT reserves the right to reject all bids.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS GENERAL

DESCRIPTION:

This contract is for the bridge preservation consisting of pile encapsulation and repairs of Bridges #11 on SR 1230 over Spring Creek, #12 on SR 1005 over Goose Creek, and #21 on SR 1005 over Kershaw Creek in Pamlico County. The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for the execution of said work.

All work and materials shall be in accordance with the provisions of the General Guidelines of this contract, the Project Special Provisions, the North Carolina Department of Transportation *Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures, January 2012*, the North Carolina Department of Transportation *Roadway Standard Drawings, January 2012*, and the current edition of the *Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (MUTCD).

The Contractor shall keep himself fully informed of all Federal, State, and Local laws, ordinances, and regulations, and shall comply with the provisions of Section 107 of the 2012 Standard Specifications.

CONTRACT TIME AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES (No Permits):

(7-1-95) (Rev. 12-18-07)

108

SP1 G05 B

The date of availability for this contract is the date the Contractor begins work but not before **August 6**, **2012** or later than **August 31**, **2012**.

The completion date for this contract is the date that is **One Hundred Twenty** (120) consecutive calendar days after and including the date of availability.

Except where otherwise provided by the contract, observation periods required by the contract will not be a part of the work to be completed by the completion date and/or intermediate contract times stated in the contract. The acceptable completion of the observation periods that extend beyond the final completion date shall be a part of the work covered by the performance and payment bonds.

The liquidated damages for this contract are **Five Hundred Dollars** (\$500.00) per calendar day. At the preconstruction conference the Contractor shall declare his expected date for beginning work. Should the Contractor desire to revise this date after the preconstruction conference, he shall notify the Engineer in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to the revised date.

COMPUTER BID PREPARATION (OPTIONAL):

(7-18-11)

102

SPI 1-18

The bidder may elect to prepare his bid and MBE/WBE or DBE participation electronically by means of a personal computer. For electronic bid preparation the Contractor shall download the Expedite program from the NCDOT "Project Letting" website. Then download the appropriate .ebs electronic file of line items and quantities unique to each project from the Division Office's website.

The only entries into the program which will be permitted by the Bidder are the appropriate unit or lump sum prices for those items which must be bid in order to provide a complete bid for the project, and any MBE/WBE or DBE participation in the appropriate section of the Expedite program. When these entries have been made, the program will automatically prepare a complete set of itemized proposal sheets which will include the amount bid for the various items and the total amount bid for the project in addition to the unit or lump sum prices bid. The computer generated itemized proposal sheets shall be printed and signed

by a duly authorized representative in accordance with Subarticle 102-8(A)(8). This set of itemized proposal sheets, when submitted together with the appropriate proposal, will constitute the bid and shall be delivered to the appropriate Division Office or location specified in the INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS. If the Bidder submits his bid on computer generated itemized proposal sheets, bid prices shall not be written on the itemized proposal sheets bound in the proposal. The computer generated itemized proposal sheets (.ebs bid file) shall also be copied to a compact disk (CD) furnished by the Contractor and shall be submitted to the Department with the bid.

In the case of a discrepancy between the unit or lump sum prices submitted on the itemized proposal sheets and those contained on the CD furnished by the Contractor, the unit or lump sum prices submitted on the printed and signed itemized proposal sheets shall prevail.

The requirements of the INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS will apply to the preparation of bids except that a bid may be submitted on computer generated itemized proposal sheets in which case the entries on the itemized proposal sheets will not be required to be in ink. Changes to any entry on the computer generated itemized proposal sheets shall be made in accordance with requirement Number (6) of the INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS. When the computer generated itemized proposal sheets are not signed and received with the proposal, the bid will be considered irregular.

BIDS:

In accordance with GS 136-28.1(b), if the total bid amount of the contract exceeds \$1,200,000.00, the bid will not be considered for award.

CONTRACT PAYMENT AND PERFORMANCE BOND:

A performance bond in the amount of one hundred percent (100%) of the contract amount, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the contract in accordance with specifications and conditions of the contract is required for Construction contracts of \$500,000 or more. Such bond shall be solely for the protection of the North Carolina Department of Transportation and the State of North Carolina.

A payment bond in the amount of one hundred percent (100%) of the contract amount, conditioned upon the prompt payment for all labor or materials for which the Contractor, or his subcontractors, are liable is required for Construction contracts greater than \$500,000. The payment bond shall be solely for the protection of persons or firms furnishing materials or performing labor for this contract for which the Contractor is liable.

The successful bidder, within ten (10) days after notice of award, shall provide the Department with a contract payment bond and a contract performance bond each in an amount equal to 100 percent of the amount of the contract.

EXTENSION OF CONTRACT TIME:

Failure on the part of the Contractor to furnish bonds or certifications or to satisfy preliminary requirements necessary to execute the contract will not constitute grounds for extension of the contract time. If the Contractor has fulfilled all preliminary requirements for the contract execution, and the contract has not been executed by the date of availability, the Contractor shall be granted an extension equal to the number of calendar days the contract execution is delayed after the date of availability.

NO MAJOR CONTRACT ITEMS:

(2-19-02) (Rev. 8-21-07) 104 SPI G31

None of the items included in this contract will be major items.

NO SPECIALTY ITEMS:

(7-1-95) 108-6 SP1 G34

None of the items included in this contract will be specialty items (see Article 108-6 of the 2012 Standard Specifications).

MINORITY BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AND WOMEN BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DIVISIONS): (10-16-07)(Rev. 1-17-12)

102-15(J)

SP1 G67

Description

The purpose of this Special Provision is to carry out the North Carolina Department of Transportation's policy of ensuring nondiscrimination in the award and administration of contracts financed in whole or in part with State funds.

Definitions

Additional MBE/WBE Subcontractors - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that will not be used to meet either the MBE or WBE goal. No submittal of a Letter of Intent is required.

Committed MBE/WBE Subcontractor - Any MBE/WBE submitted at the time of bid that is being used to meet either the MBE or WBE goal by submission of a Letter of Intent. Or any MBE or WBE used as a replacement for a previously committed MBE or WBE firm.

Contract Goals Requirement - The approved MBE and WBE participation at time of award, but not greater than the advertised contract goals for each.

Goal Confirmation Letter - Written documentation from the Department to the bidder confirming the Contractor's approved, committed MBE and WBE participation along with a listing of the committed MBE and WBE firms.

Manufacturer - A firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises, the materials or supplies obtained by the Contractor.

MBE Goal - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage, that is to be performed by committed MBE subcontractor(s).

Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Minority-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

Regular Dealer - A firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. A regular dealer engages in, as its principal business and in its own name, the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question. A regular dealer in such bulk items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not keep such products in stock, if it owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Brokers and packagers are not regarded as manufacturers or regular dealers within the meaning of this section.

North Carolina Unified Certification Program (NCUCP) - A program that provides comprehensive services and information to applicants for MBE/WBE certification. The MBE/WBE program follows the same regulations as the federal Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26.

United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) - Federal agency responsible for issuing regulations (49 CFR Part 26) and official guidance for the DBE program.

WBE Goal - A portion of the total contract, expressed as a percentage, that is to be performed by committed WBE subcontractor(s).

Women Business Enterprise (WBE) - A firm certified as a Disadvantaged Women-Owned Business Enterprise through the North Carolina Unified Certification Program.

Forms and Websites Referenced in this Provision

Payment Tracking System - On-line system in which the Contractor enters the payments made to MBE and WBE subcontractors who have performed work on the project. https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/Vendor/PaymentTracking/

DBE-IS Subcontractor Payment Information - Form for reporting the payments made to all MBE/WBE firms working on the project. This form is for paper bid projects only. http://www.ncdot.org/doh/forms/files/DBE-IS.xls

RF-1 *MBE/WBE Replacement Request Form* - Form for replacing a committed MBE or WBE. https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/_includes/download/external.html?pdf=http%3A//www.ncdot.gov/doh/forms/files/RF-1.pdf

SAF *Subcontract Approval Form* - Form required for approval to sublet the contract. http://www.ncdot.org/doh/operations/dp_chief_eng/constructionunit/saf.xls

JC-1 *Joint Check Notification Form* - Form and procedures for joint check notification. The form acts as a written joint check agreement among the parties providing full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks.

 $https://apps.dot.state.nc.us/_includes/download/external.html?pdf=http\%3A//www.ncdot.gov/doh/forms/files/JC-1.pdf$

Letter of Intent - Form signed by the Contractor and the MBE/WBE subcontractor, manufacturer or regular dealer that affirms that a portion of said contract is going to be performed by the signed MBE/WBE for the amount listed at the time of bid.

http://www.ncdot.org/doh/preconstruct/ps/contracts/letterofintent.pdf

Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors Form - Form for entering MBE/WBE subcontractors on a project that will meet this MBE and WBE goals. This form is for paper bids only. http://www.ncdot.gov/doh/preconstruct/ps/word/MISC3.doc

Subcontractor Quote Comparison Sheet - Spreadsheet for showing all subcontractor quotes in the work areas where MBEs and WBEs quoted on the project. This sheet is submitted with good faith effort packages.

http://www.ncdot.gov/business/ocs/goodfaith/excel/Ex Subcontractor Quote Comparison.xls

MBE and WBE Goal

The following goals for participation by Minority Business Enterprises and Women Business Enterprises are established for this contract:

(A) Minority Business Enterprises **0.0** %

- (1) If the MBE goal is more than zero, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that MBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above as the MBE goal.
- (2) If the MBE goal is zero, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use MBEs during the performance of the contract. Any MBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

(B) Women Business Enterprises **0.0** %

- (1) If the WBE goal is more than zero, the Contractor shall exercise all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure that WBEs participate in at least the percent of the contract as set forth above as the WBE goal.
- (2) If the WBE goal is zero, the Contractor shall make an effort to recruit and use WBEs during the performance of the contract. Any WBE participation obtained shall be reported to the Department.

Directory of Transportation Firms (Directory)

Real-time information is available about firms doing business with the Department and firms that are certified through NCUCP in the Directory of Transportation Firms. Only firms identified in the Directory as MBE and WBE certified shall be used to meet the MBE and WBE goals respectively. The Directory can be found at the following link. https://partner.ncdot.gov/VendorDirectory/default.html

The listing of an individual firm in the directory shall not be construed as an endorsement of the firm's capability to perform certain work.

Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractors

At the time of bid, bidders shall submit <u>all</u> MBE and WBE participation that they anticipate to use during the life of the contract. Only those identified to meet the MBE goal and the WBE goal will be considered committed, even though the listing shall include both committed MBE/WBE subcontractors and additional MBE/WBE subcontractors. Any additional MBE/WBE subcontractor participation submitted at the time of bid will be used toward overall race-neutral goals. Only those firms with current MBE and WBE certification at the time of bid opening will be acceptable for listing in the bidder's submittal of MBE and WBE participation. The Contractor shall indicate the following required information:

Blank forms will not be deemed to represent zero participation. Bids submitted that do not have MBE and WBE participation indicated on the appropriate form will not be read publicly during the opening of bids. The Department will not consider these bids for award and the proposal will be rejected.

- (A) If either the MBE or WBE goal is more than zero,
 - (1) Bidders, at the time the bid proposal is submitted, shall submit a listing of MBE/WBE participation, including the names and addresses on *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* contained elsewhere in the contract documents in order for the bid to be considered responsive. Bidders shall indicate the total dollar value of the MBE and WBE participation for the contract.
 - (2) If bidders have no MBE or WBE participation, they shall indicate this on the *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* by entering the word "None" or the number "0." This form shall be completed in its entirety.
 - (3) The bidder shall be responsible for ensuring that the MBE/WBE is certified at the time of bid by checking the Directory of Transportation Firms. If the firm is not certified at the time of the bid-letting, that MBE's or WBE's participation will not count towards achieving the corresponding goal.
- (B) If either the MBE or WBE goal is zero, bidders, at the time the bid proposal is submitted, shall enter the word "None"; or the number "0"; or if there is participation, add the value on the Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors contained elsewhere in the contract documents.

MBE or WBE Prime Contractor

When a certified MBE or WBE firm bids on a contract that contains MBE and WBE goals, the firm is responsible for meeting the goals or making good faith efforts to meet the goals, just like any other bidder. In most cases, a MBE or WBE bidder on a contract will meet one of the goals by virtue of the work it performs on the contract with its own forces. However, all the work that is performed by the MBE or WBE bidder and any other similarly certified subcontractors will count toward the goal. The MBE or WBE bidder shall list itself along with any MBE or WBE subcontractors, if any, in order to receive credit toward the goals.

For example, on a proposed contract, the WBE goal is 10%, and the MBE goal is 8%. A WBE bidder puts in a bid where they will perform 40% of the contract work and have a WBE subcontractor which will perform another 5% of the work. Together the two WBE firms submit on the *Listing of MBE and WBE Subcontractors* a value of 45% of the contract which fulfills the WBE goal. The 8% MBE goal shall be obtained through MBE participation with MBE certified subcontractors or documented through a good faith effort. It should be noted that you cannot combine the two goals to meet an overall value. The two goals shall remain separate.

MBE/WBE prime contractors shall also follow Sections A or B listed under *Listing of MBE/WBE Subcontractors* just as a non-MBE/WBE bidder would.

Written Documentation - Letter of Intent

The bidder shall submit written documentation for each MBE/WBE that will be used to meet the MBE and WBE goals of the contract, indicating the bidder's commitment to use the MBE/WBE in the contract. This documentation shall be submitted on the Department's form titled *Letter of Intent*.

The documentation shall be received in the office of the Division Contract Officer no later than 12:00 noon of the sixth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the sixth day falls on Saturday,

Sunday or an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the Division Contract Officer no later than 12:00 noon on the next official state business day.

If the bidder fails to submit the Letter of Intent from each committed MBE and WBE to be used toward the MBE and WBE goals, or if the form is incomplete (i.e. both signatures are not present), the MBE/WBE participation will not count toward meeting the MBE/WBE goal. If the lack of this participation drops the commitment below either the MBE or WBE goal, the Contractor shall submit evidence of good faith efforts for the goal not met, completed in its entirety, to the Division Contract Officer no later than 12:00 noon of the eighth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the eighth day falls on Saturday, Sunday or an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the Division Contract Officer no later than 12:00 noon on the next official state business day.

Submission of Good Faith Effort

If the bidder fails to meet or exceed either the MBE or the WBE goal, the apparent lowest responsive bidder shall submit to the Department documentation of adequate good faith efforts made to reach that specific goal(s).

One complete set and 3 copies of this information shall be received in the office of the Division Contract Officer no later than 12:00 noon of the sixth calendar day following opening of bids, unless the sixth day falls on Saturday, Sunday or an official state holiday. In that situation, it is due in the office of the Division Contract Officer no later than 12:00 noon on the next official state business day.

Note: Where the information submitted includes repetitious solicitation letters, it will be acceptable to submit a representative letter along with a distribution list of the firms that were solicited. Documentation of MBE/WBE quotations shall be a part of the good faith effort submittal. This documentation may include written subcontractor quotations, telephone log notations of verbal quotations, or other types of quotation documentation.

Consideration of Good Faith Effort for Projects with MBE/WBE Goals More Than Zero

Adequate good faith efforts mean that the bidder took all necessary and reasonable steps to achieve the goal which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness, could reasonably be expected to obtain sufficient MBE/WBE participation. Adequate good faith efforts also mean that the bidder actively and aggressively sought MBE/WBE participation. Mere *pro forma* efforts are not considered good faith efforts.

The Department will consider the quality, quantity, and intensity of the different kinds of efforts a bidder has made. Listed below are examples of the types of actions a bidder will take in making a good faith effort to meet the goals and are not intended to be exclusive or exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a mandatory checklist.

(A) Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices through the use of the NCDOT Directory of Transportation Firms) the interest of all certified MBEs/WBEs who have the capability to perform the work of the contract. The bidder must solicit this interest within at least 10 days prior to bid opening to allow the MBEs/WBEs to respond to the solicitation. Solicitation shall provide the opportunity to MBEs/WBEs within the Division and surrounding Divisions where the project is located. The bidder must determine with certainty if the MBEs/WBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.

- (B) Selecting portions of the work to be performed by MBEs/WBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the MBE and WBE goals will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract work items into economically feasible units to facilitate MBE/WBE participation, even when the prime contractor might otherwise prefer to perform these work items with its own forces.
- (C) Providing interested MBEs/WBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
- (D) (1) Negotiating in good faith with interested MBEs/WBEs. It is the bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the work available to MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the work or material needs consistent with the available MBE/WBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate MBE/WBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBEs/WBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the plans and specifications for the work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for MBEs/WBEs to perform the work.
 - (2) A bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including MBE/WBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as contract goals into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using MBEs/WBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a bidder's failure to meet the contract MBE or WBE goals, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a prime contractor to perform the work of a contract with its own organization does not relieve the bidder of the responsibility to make good faith efforts. Bidding contractors are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from MBEs/WBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- (E) Not rejecting MBEs/WBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associates and political or social affiliations (for example, union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the bidder's efforts to meet the project goal.
- (F) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or bidder.
- (G) Making efforts to assist interested MBEs/WBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- (H) Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; Federal, State, and local minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of MBEs/WBEs. Contact within 7 days from the bid opening NCDOT's Business Development Manager in the Business Opportunity and Work Force Development Unit to give notification of the bidder's inability to get MBE or WBE quotes.
- (I) Any other evidence that the bidder submits which shows that the bidder has made reasonable good faith efforts to meet the MBE and WBE goal.

In addition, the Department may take into account the following:

- (1) Whether the bidder's documentation reflects a clear and realistic plan for achieving the MBE and WBE goals.
- (2) The bidders' past performance in meeting the MBE and WBE goals.
- (3) The performance of other bidders in meeting the MBE and WBE goals. For example, when the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the goals, but others meet it, you may reasonably raise the question of whether, with additional reasonable efforts the apparent successful bidder could have met the goals. If the apparent successful bidder fails to meet the MBE and WBE goals, but meets or exceeds the average MBE and WBE participation obtained by other bidders, the Department may view this, in conjunction with other factors, as evidence of the apparent successful bidder having made a good faith effort.

If the Department does not award the contract to the apparent lowest responsive bidder, the Department reserves the right to award the contract to the next lowest responsive bidder that can satisfy to the Department that the MBE and WBE goals can be met or that an adequate good faith effort has been made to meet the MBE and WBE goals.

Non-Good Faith Appeal

The Division Contract Officer will notify the contractor verbally and in writing of non-good faith. A contractor may appeal a determination of non-good faith made by the Goal Compliance Committee. If a contractor wishes to appeal the determination made by the Committee, they shall provide written notification to the Division Contract Officer. The appeal shall be made within 2 business days of notification of the determination of non-good faith.

Counting MBE/WBE Participation Toward Meeting MBE/WBE Goals

(A) Participation

The total dollar value of the participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be counted toward the contract goal requirements. The total dollar value of participation by a committed MBE/WBE will be based upon the value of work actually performed by the MBE/WBE and the actual payments to MBE/WBE firms by the Contractor.

(B) Joint Checks

Prior notification of joint check use shall be required when counting MBE/WBE participation for services or purchases that involves the use of a joint check. Notification shall be through submission of Form JC-1 (*Joint Check Notification Form*) and the use of joint checks shall be in accordance with the Department's Joint Check Procedures.

(C) Subcontracts (Non-Trucking)

A MBE/WBE may enter into subcontracts. Work that a MBE subcontracts to another MBE firm may be counted toward the MBE contract goal requirement. The same holds for work that a WBE subcontracts to another WBE firm. Work that a MBE subcontracts to a non-MBE firm does <u>not</u> count toward the MBE contract goal requirement. Again, the same holds true for the

work that a WBE subcontracts to a non-WBE firm. If a MBE or WBE contractor or subcontractor subcontracts a significantly greater portion of the work of the contract than would be expected on the basis of standard industry practices, it shall be presumed that the MBE or WBE is not performing a commercially useful function. The MBE/WBE may present evidence to rebut this presumption to the Department. The Department's decision on the rebuttal of this presumption may be subject to review by the Office of Inspector General, NCDOT.

(D) Joint Venture

When a MBE or WBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, the Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement a portion of the total value of participation with the MBE or WBE in the joint venture, that portion of the total dollar value being a distinct clearly defined portion of work that the MBE or WBE performs with its forces.

(E) Suppliers

A contractor may count toward its MBE or WBE requirement 60 percent of its expenditures for materials and supplies required to complete the contract and obtained from a MBE or WBE regular dealer and 100 percent of such expenditures from a MBE or WBE manufacturer.

(F) Manufacturers and Regular Dealers

A contractor may count toward its MBE or WBE requirement the following expenditures to MBE/WBE firms that are not manufacturers or regular dealers:

- (1) The fees or commissions charged by a MBE/WBE firm for providing a *bona fide* service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a DOT-assisted contract, provided the fees or commissions are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees and commissions customarily allowed for similar services.
- (2) With respect to materials or supplies purchased from a MBE/WBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site (but not the cost of the materials and supplies themselves), provided the fees are determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.

Commercially Useful Function

(A) MBE/WBE Utilization

The Contractor may count toward its contract goal requirement only expenditures to MBEs and WBEs that perform a commercially useful function in the work of a contract. A MBE/WBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the MBE/WBE shall also be responsible with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a MBE/WBE is performing

a commercially useful function, the Department will evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the MBE/WBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and any other relevant factors.

(B) MBE/WBE Utilization in Trucking

The following factors will be used to determine if a MBE or WBE trucking firm is performing a commercially useful function:

- (1) The MBE/WBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there shall not be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting the MBE or WBE goal.
- (2) The MBE/WBE shall itself own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract.
- (3) The MBE/WBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs.
- (4) The MBE may subcontract the work to another MBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a MBE. The same holds true that a WBE may subcontract the work to another WBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a WBE. When this occurs, the MBE or WBE who subcontracts work receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the subcontracted MBE or WBE provides on the contract. It should be noted that every effort shall be made by MBE and WBE contractors to subcontract to the same certification (i.e., MBEs to MBEs and WBEs to WBEs), in order to fulfill the goal requirement. This, however, may not always be possible due to the limitation of firms in the area. If the MBE or WBE firm shows a good faith effort has been made to reach out to similarly certified transportation service providers and there is no interest or availability, and they can get assistance from other certified providers, the Engineer will not hold the prime liable for meeting the goal.
- (5) The MBE/WBE may also subcontract the work to a non-MBE/WBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The MBE/WBE who subcontracts the work to a non-MBE/WBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by the non-MBE/WBE subcontractor not to exceed the value of transportation services provided by MBE/WBE-owned trucks on the contract. Additional participation by non-MBE/WBE subcontractors receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the subcontract arrangement. The value of services performed under subcontract agreements between the MBE/WBE and the Contractor will not count towards the MBE/WBE contract requirement.
- (6) A MBE/WBE may lease truck(s) from an established equipment leasing business open to the general public. The lease must indicate that the MBE/WBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This requirement does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the MBE/WBE, so long as the lease gives the MBE/WBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. This type of lease may count toward the MBE/WBE's credit as long as the driver is under the MBE/WBE's payroll.

(7) Subcontracted/leased trucks shall display clearly on the dashboard the name of the MBE/WBE that they are subcontracted/leased to and their own company name if it is not identified on the truck itself. Magnetic door signs are not permitted.

MBE/WBE Replacement

When a Contractor has relied on a commitment to a MBE or WBE firm (or an approved substitute MBE or WBE firm) to meet all or part of a contract goal requirement, the contractor shall not terminate the MBE/WBE for convenience. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which the Contractor seeks to perform the work of the terminated subcontractor with another MBE/WBE subcontractor, a non-MBE/WBE subcontractor, or with the Contractor's own forces or those of an affiliate. A MBE/WBE may only be terminated after receiving the Engineer's written approval based upon a finding of good cause for the termination.

All requests for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE firm shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval on Form RF-1 (*Replacement Request*). If the Contractor fails to follow this procedure, the Contractor may be disqualified from further bidding for a period of up to 6 months.

The Contractor shall comply with the following for replacement of a committed MBE/WBE:

(A) Performance Related Replacement

When a committed MBE is terminated for good cause as stated above, an additional MBE that was submitted at the time of bid may be used to fulfill the MBE commitment. The same holds true if a committed WBE is terminated for good cause, an additional WBE that was submitted at the time of bid may be used to fulfill the WBE goal. A good faith effort will only be required for removing a committed MBE/WBE if there were no additional MBEs/WBEs submitted at the time of bid to cover the same amount of work as the MBE/WBE that was terminated.

If a replacement MBE/WBE is not found that can perform at least the same amount of work as the terminated MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall submit a good faith effort documenting the steps taken. Such documentation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Copies of written notification to MBEs/WBEs that their interest is solicited in contracting the work defaulted by the previous MBE/WBE or in subcontracting other items of work in the contract.
- (2) Efforts to negotiate with MBEs/WBEs for specific subbids including, at a minimum:
 - (a) The names, addresses, and telephone numbers of MBEs/WBEs who were contacted.
 - (b) A description of the information provided to MBEs/WBEs regarding the plans and specifications for portions of the work to be performed.
- (3) A list of reasons why MBE/WBE quotes were not accepted.
- (4) Efforts made to assist the MBEs/WBEs contacted, if needed, in obtaining bonding or insurance required by the Contractor.

(B) Decertification Replacement

- (1) When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified by the Department after the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) has been received by the Department, the Department will not require the Contractor to solicit replacement MBE/WBE participation equal to the remaining work to be performed by the decertified firm. The participation equal to the remaining work performed by the decertified firm will count toward the contract goal requirement.
- When a committed MBE/WBE is decertified prior to the Department receiving the SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) for the named MBE/WBE firm, the Contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to replace the MBE/WBE subcontractor with another similarly certified MBE/WBE subcontractor to perform at least the same amount of work to meet the MBE/WBE goal requirement. If a MBE/WBE firm is not found to do the same amount of work, a good faith effort must be submitted to NCDOT (see A herein for required documentation).

Changes in the Work

When the Engineer makes changes that result in the reduction or elimination of work to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor will not be required to seek additional participation. When the Engineer makes changes that result in additional work to be performed by a MBE/WBE based upon the Contractor's commitment, the MBE/WBE shall participate in additional work to the same extent as the MBE/WBE participated in the original contract work.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in extra work, which has more than a minimal impact on the contract amount, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Engineer makes changes that result in an alteration of plans or details of construction, and a portion or all of the work had been expected to be performed by a committed MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek participation by MBEs/WBEs unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

When the Contractor requests changes in the work that result in the reduction or elimination of work that the Contractor committed to be performed by a MBE/WBE, the Contractor shall seek additional participation by MBEs/WBEs equal to the reduced MBE/WBE participation caused by the changes.

Reports and Documentation

A SAF (*Subcontract Approval Form*) shall be submitted for all work which is to be performed by a MBE/WBE subcontractor. The Department reserves the right to require copies of actual subcontract agreements involving MBE/WBE subcontractors.

When using transportation services to meet the contract commitment, the Contractor shall submit a proposed trucking plan in addition to the SAF. The plan shall be submitted prior to beginning construction on the project. The plan shall include the names of all trucking firms proposed for use, their certification type(s), the number of trucks owned by the firm, as well as the individual truck identification numbers, and the line item(s) being performed.

Within 30 calendar days of entering into an agreement with a MBE/WBE for materials, supplies or services, not otherwise documented by the SAF as specified above, the Contractor shall furnish the

Engineer a copy of the agreement. The documentation shall also indicate the percentage (60% or 100%) of expenditures claimed for MBE/WBE credit.

Reporting Minority and Women Business Enterprise Participation

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with an accounting of payments made to all MBE and WBE firms, including material suppliers and contractors at all levels (prime, subcontractor, or second tier subcontractor). This accounting shall be furnished to the Engineer for any given month by the end of the following month. Failure to submit this information accordingly may result in the following action:

- (A) Withholding of money due in the next partial pay estimate; or
- (B) Removal of an approved contractor from the prequalified bidders' list or the removal of other entities from the approved subcontractors list.

While each contractor (prime, subcontractor, 2nd tier subcontractor) is responsible for accurate accounting of payments to MBEs/WBEs, it shall be the prime contractor's responsibility to report all monthly and final payment information in the correct reporting manner.

Failure on the part of the Contractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from further bidding until the required information is submitted.

Failure on the part of any subcontractor to submit the required information in the time frame specified may result in the disqualification of that contractor and any affiliate companies from being approved for further work on future projects until the required information is submitted.

Contractors reporting transportation services provided by non-MBE/WBE lessees shall evaluate the value of services provided during the month of the reporting period only.

At any time, the Engineer can request written verification of subcontractor payments.

The Contractor shall report the accounting of payments on the Department's DBE-IS (Subcontractor Payment Information) with each invoice. Invoices will not be processed for payment until the DBE-IS is received.

Failure to Meet Contract Requirements

Failure to meet contract requirements in accordance with Subarticle 102-15(J) of the 2012 Standard Specifications may be cause to disqualify the Contractor.

SUBSURFACE INFORMATION:

(7-1-95) SP1 G112 A

There is **no** subsurface information available on this project. The Contractor shall make his own investigation of subsurface conditions.

LOCATING EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES:

(3-20-12) 105 SPI G115

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-43, Article 105-8, line 28, after the first sentence, add the following:

Identify excavation locations by means of pre-marking with white paint, flags, or stakes or provide a specific written description of the location in the locate request.

TWELVE MONTH GUARANTEE:

(7-15-03) 108 SPI G145

- (A) The Contractor shall guarantee materials and workmanship against latent and patent defects arising from faulty materials, faulty workmanship or negligence for a period of twelve months following the date of final acceptance of the work for maintenance and shall replace such defective materials and workmanship without cost to the Department. The Contractor will not be responsible for damage due to faulty design, normal wear and tear, for negligence on the part of the Department, and/or for use in excess of the design.
- (B) Where items of equipment or material carry a manufacturer's guarantee for any period in excess of twelve months, then the manufacturer's guarantee shall apply for that particular piece of equipment or material. The Department's first remedy shall be through the manufacturer although the Contractor is responsible for invoking the warranted repair work with the manufacturer. The Contractor's responsibility shall be limited to the term of the manufacturer's guarantee. NCDOT would be afforded the same warranty as provided by the Manufacturer.

This guarantee provision shall be invoked only for major components of work in which the Contractor would be wholly responsible for under the terms of the contract. Examples would include pavement structures, bridge components, and sign structures. This provision will not be used as a mechanism to force the Contractor to return to the project to make repairs or perform additional work that the Department would normally compensate the Contractor for. In addition, routine maintenance activities (i.e. mowing grass, debris removal, ruts in earth shoulders,) are not parts of this guarantee.

Appropriate provisions of the payment and/or performance bonds shall cover this guarantee for the project.

To ensure uniform application statewide the Division Engineer will forward details regarding the circumstances surrounding any proposed guarantee repairs to the Chief Engineer for review and approval prior to the work being performed.

OUTSOURCING OUTSIDE THE USA:

(9-21-04) (Rev. 5-16-06) SPI G150

All work on consultant contracts, services contracts, and construction contracts shall be performed in the United States of America. No work shall be outsourced outside of the United States of America.

Outsourcing for the purpose of this provision is defined as the practice of subcontracting labor, work, services, staffing, or personnel to entities located outside of the United States.

The North Carolina Secretary of Transportation shall approve exceptions to this provision in writing.

GIFTS FROM VENDORS AND CONTRACTORS:

(12-15-09) 107-1 SPI G152

By Executive Order 24, issued by Governor Perdue, and *N.C.G.S.*§ 133-32, it is unlawful for any vendor or contractor (i.e. architect, bidder, contractor, construction manager, design professional, engineer, landlord, offeror, seller, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor), to make gifts or to give favors to any State employee of the Governor's Cabinet Agencies (i.e. Administration, Commerce, Correction, Crime Control and Public Safety, Cultural Resources, Environment and Natural Resources, Health and Human Services, Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Revenue, Transportation, and the Office of the Governor). This prohibition covers those vendors and contractors who:

- (A) Have a contract with a governmental agency; or
- (B) Have performed under such a contract within the past year; or
- (C) Anticipate bidding on such a contract in the future.

For additional information regarding the specific requirements and exemptions, vendors and contractors are encouraged to review Executive Order 24 and *N.C.G.S.* § 133-32.

Executive Order 24 also encouraged and invited other State Agencies to implement the requirements and prohibitions of the Executive Order to their agencies. Vendors and contractors should contact other State Agencies to determine if those agencies have adopted Executive Order 24.

EMPLOYMENT:

(11-15-11) (Rev. 1-17-12) 108, 102 SPI G184

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 1-20, Subarticle 102-15(O), delete and replace with the following:

(O) Failure to restrict a former Department employee as prohibited by Article 108-5.

Page 1-65, Article 108-5 Character of Workmen, Methods, and Equipment, line 32, delete all of line 32, the first sentence of the second paragraph and the first word of the second sentence of the second paragraph.

$\frac{PROJECT\ SPECIAL\ PROVISIONS}{ROADWAY}$

MATERIALS: (2-21-12) (Rev. 6-19-12)

(2-21-12) (Rev. 6-19-12) 1005, 1081, 1092 SP10 R01

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 10-23, Table 1005-1, AGGREGATE GRADATION-COARSE AGGREGATE, replace with the following:

	Light- weight ^C	ABC (M)	ABC	9	14M	78M	67	6M	57M	57	5	467M	4	Std. Size#		
A. See B. See C. Fo	1	1	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	100	100	2"		
See Subarticle 1005-4(A) See Subarticle 1005-4(B). For Lightweight Aggrega	ı	100	100	1	ı	ı	ı		100	100	100	95- 100	90-	1 1/2"		
icle 100 icle 100 ⁄eight A	ı	75- 100	75- 97	ı	ı	ı	100	100	95- 100	95- 100	90-	ı	20- 55	1"		AG
5-4(A). 5-4(B). ggregate	1	1	1	ı	ı	100	90-	90-	ı	1	20- 55	35- 70	0-15	3/4"		GREG
e used in	100	45- 79	55- 80	1	1	98- 100	ı	20- 55	25- 45	25- 60	0-10			1/2"	Percen	ATE
Structu	80-	1		100	100	75- 100	20- 55	0-20	1	1	0-5	0-30	0-5	3/8"	tage o	T GRAD
ral Conc	5- 40	20- 40	35- 55	85- 100	35- 70	20- 45	0-10	0-8	0-10	0-10		0-5	1	#4	f Tota	ATIO
rete, sec	0-20	1	1	10- 40	5-20	0-15	0-5	1	0-5	0-5	ı	ı	ı	#	l by W	TABLE 1005-1 DATION - CO.
e Subarti	ı	0- 25	25- 45	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı		ı	ı	ı	#10	eight]	-1)ARSI
See Subarticle 1005-4(A). See Subarticle 1005-4(B). For Lightweight Aggregate used in Structural Concrete, see Subarticle 1014-2(E)(6).	0-10	1	1	0-10	0-8	ı	ı	1	ı		ı	ı	ı	#16	Percentage of Total by Weight Passing	TABLE 1005-1 AGGREGATE GRADATION - COARSE AGGREGATE
1-2(E)(6	ı	1	14- 30	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı		ı	ı	ı	#40	0.00	FREG.
, ·	0-2.5	0- 12 ^B	4- 12 ^B	>	>	Α	>	A	>	A	A	A	A	#200		ATE
	AST	Maintenance Stabilization	Aggregate Base Course, Aggregate Stabilization	AST	Asphalt Plant Mix, AST, Weep Hole Drains, Str. Concrete	Asphalt Plant Mix, AST, Str. Conc, Weep Hole Drains	AST, Str. Concrete, Asphalt Plant Mix	AST	AST, Concrete Pavement	AST, Str. Concrete, Shoulder Drain, Sediment Control Stone	AST, Sediment Control Stone	Asphalt Plant Mix	Asphalt Plant Mix	Remarks		

²⁰

Page 10-162, Subarticle 1081-1(A) Classifications, lines 4-7, delete the second and third sentences of the description for Type 3A.

Page 10-162, Subarticle 1081-1(B) Requirements, lines 26-30, replace the second paragraph with the following:

For epoxy resin systems used for embedding dowel bars, threaded rods, rebar, anchor bolts and other fixtures in hardened concrete, the manufacturer shall submit test results showing that the bonding system will obtain 125% of the specified required yield strength of the fixture. Furnish certification that, for the particular bolt grade, diameter and embedment depth required, the anchor system will not fail by adhesive failure and that there is no movement of the anchor bolt. For certification and anchorage, use 3,000 psi as the minimum Portland cement concrete compressive strength used in this test. Use adhesives that meet Section 1081.

List the properties of the adhesive on the container and include density, minimum and maximum temperature application, setting time, shelf life, pot life, shear strength and compressive strength.

Page 10-169, Subarticle 1081-3(G) Anchor Bolt Adhesives, delete this subarticle.

Page 10-204, Subarticle 1092-2(A) Performance and Test Requirements, replace Table 1092-3 Minimum Coefficient of Retroreflection for NC Grade A with the following:

TABLE 1092-3 MINIMUM COEFFICIENT OF RETROREFLECTION FOR NC GRADE A (Candelas Per Lux Per Square Meter)									
Observation Angle, degrees Entrance Angle, degrees									
0.2	-4.0	525	395	52	95	30	420	315	
0.2	30.0	215	162	22	43	10	170	130	
0.5	-4.0	310	230	31	56	18	245	185	
0.5	30.0	135	100	14	27	6	110	81	
1.0	-4.0	120	60	8	16	3.6	64	48	
1.0	30.0	45	34	4.5	9	2	36	27	

TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES:

(1-17-12) 1105 SP11 R05

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Page 11-5, Article 1105-6 Measurement and Payment, add the following paragraph after line 24:

Partial payments will be made on each payment estimate based on the following: 50% of the contract lump sum price bid will be paid on the first monthly estimate and the remaining 50% of the contract lump sum price bid will be paid on each subsequent estimate based on the percent of the project completed.

PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Project No. 17BP.2.P.13



The work under this contract includes pile encapsulation of Bridges #11, #12 and #21 in Pamlico County. Other repairs include cap repairs for bridges #11 and #21, cleaning and repair of existing piles for bridge #12 and underside deck repair for bridge #21.

<u>PILE JACKETS</u> SPECIAL

Description

This specification establishes the minimum requirements for furnishing installing permanent outer pile forms, standoffs, steel reinforcement bands and steel bracing collars for the installation of pile jackets for pile repair. It is intended to ensure that the supplier's forms and installation/reinforcing details shall allow the forms to be filled with concrete without failure, and provide durable, corrosion resistant pile protection.

Materials

Forms:

The form shall be fabricated from fiberglass and polyester resins, or other inert materials that are compatible with Portland cement and produce a form with equal levels of corrosion resistance and durability. The inside face of the forms shall have a texture equal to that provided by sandblasting, and shall have no bond inhibiting agents in contact with cementitious materials. Forms shall include polymer standoffs of sufficient number and spacing to maintain a minimum space of 2" between the reinforcing steel and the jacket. Provide forms with dimensions in accordance with the sizing chart shown in the plans. For pumped applications provide ports in accordance with the plans. The minimum allowable thickness of the forms is 1/8". Upon opening to place around a pile, the form shall be capable of returning to its original shape without assistance or damage. It shall have an interlocking joint along one side, which will permit the form to be assembled and sealed in place around the pile. Contractor shall submit form details to the Engineer for approval prior to beginning work.

Transverse joints (if any) shall be of overlapping configuration.

The material furnished must meet the following physical property requirements:

- (d) Flexural Modulus of Elasticity (ASTM-D790) 700,000 psi Minimum
- (e) Barcol Hardness (ASTM-D2583)30 40
- (f) Color Similar to Federal Color Standard 595 Number 36622 the color shall be integral in the form material.

(g) Accelerated Weathering ... The fabricated form material shall be subjected to a 500 hour exposure test in a Twin-Carbon-ARC-Weather-Ometer (ASTM G-23, Type D) at an operating temperature of 145°F. Said test to be made at twenty minute cycles consisting of seventeen minutes of light and three minutes of water spray plus light. At the end of the exposure test the exposed samples shall not show any chipping, flaking or peeling. The test panels shall be prepared from the materials meeting the physical property requirements above, and they shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

"*" = On original specimen whose flat surfaces are not machined to disturb the fiberglass.

Epoxy Gel Sealant

Use an approved marine epoxy gel to adhere the outer jacket seams. The epoxy paste must be a two component epoxy compound, capable of being applied underwater. The ratio of resin component to hardener component is 1:1 by volume. To assist in evaluating the thoroughness of job site mixing, each component must be of sharply contrasting color.

Concrete

Concrete shall meet the requirements of the *Standard Specs* for Class A Concrete. Use a pea gravel mix suitable for pumped applications. An anti-washout admixture may be used for in water applications. Concrete mix design shall be submitted for approval prior to beginning work.

Reinforcement Bands

Provide reinforcement bands similar to that shown in the plans. The bands shall be reusable, and shall be equipped with quick release fasteners.

Submit details and calculations showing design loads and the placement of the bands on the pile form necessary to reinforce the form against failure from the concrete pressure, or any other loading the form may experience, including its use on battered piles.

Steel Bracing Collar

For forms to be supported on temporary falsework provide a steel bracing collar which will reinforce the bottom of the form and allow connection to the falsework.

Construction Methods

Prior to jacket installation, remove all deteriorated concrete and thoroughly clean pile of marine growth, oil, grease, mud, rust, and any other deleterious material which might prevent proper bonding between the concrete and the pile. Accomplish pile preparation and cleaning by chipping, grit blasting, high pressure water blasting, or by divers using powered rotary abraders. Any method that produces the quality of cleaning necessary to meet the bond requirements of this specification may be considered. When necessary, perform the pile cleaning in 2 phases where active marine growth occurs. In the first phase, a maximum of 7 days before the encapsulation, remove marine growth, oil, grease, rust, and broken concrete, etc. In the second phase, a maximum of 48 hrs before placement of concrete in the outer pile jacket, perform a final surface preparation, removing all remaining deleterious substances including micro-organisms.

Place the jacket assembly and position it around the pile in such a manner as to assure that no damage to stand-offs and rebar cage occur. Ensure there will be no detrimental movement of the joints while joint adhesive is curing. The placement of the jacket is to be determined by the location of the affected pile and in accordance with the contract drawings.

Seal the longitudinal and transverse seams, if any, with marine epoxy paste as described above.

Place concrete using a pump or tremie. Free fall placement of concrete will not be allowed if any part of the jacket is submerged below water. For above water applications free fall placement will only be allowed for jacket lengths up to 10'. Cope the top of the repair to drain water.

No tainted water above pH 9.0 will be allowed to discharge from the work site. Monitoring of pH levels inside and outside of the jacket is required during the pumping operation. Perimeter monitoring site should be no more than 10 ft down flow from the work area. If the pH of the water within the jacket exceeds then pump to a container and hold until the pH level returns to 9.0.

Concrete shall attain a minimum strength of 3000 psi prior to removing form work.

Submittals

Submit shop drawings and calculations to the Engineer for approval prior to start of fabrication. Submittal shall include form dimensions, standoffs, pump ports (where applicable), reinforcing cage installation, reinforcement bands, collars, temporary falsework, methods to seal the form, form installation, and sequence of concrete placement.

Material Certification

For materials to be used, the Supplier shall furnish a certificate to the Engineer attesting that the materials meet all the requirements contained herein and that they conform in all respects to the materials subjected to the tests required. Copies of current test reports shall be attached to the certificate. No test report for tests made more than one year prior to shipment will be accepted for the form material.

Measurement and Payment

Concrete Pile Jackets will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price bid per linear foot of concrete encased pile jacket and will be full compensation for removal, containment and disposal off-site of unsound concrete including the cost of materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to accomplish removal; cleaning the pile, furnishing and installation of reinforcement, jacket installation, falsework; furnishing and placement of concrete including pumping equipment, pH monitoring, pollution control, turbidity curtains, and all else required to repair existing deteriorated concrete piles using pile jackets.

Payment will be made under:

Pay ItemPay UnitConcrete Pile JacketsLinear Feet

PILE ENCAPSULATION

SPECIAL

Description

The work specified in this section consists of surface preparation of the pile, placement of a translucent, fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP) jacket around the pile and injecting a water insensitive epoxy grout into the space between the jacket and the pile. The epoxy grout is batched, mixed and pumped by equipment, expressly designed for that purpose.

Materials

FRP Outer Jacket

The FRP Outer Jacket shall be Translucent FRP Jacket, as described in this section. For a submission to be approved it must meet ALL requirements of this section and approved by the engineer prior to the bid.

The translucent outer jacket shall be a marine grade laminate of fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP), constructed of layers of woven roving and mat. Construction by the spray-up process, using a chopper gun, is not acceptable. The glass content shall be sufficient to meet the strength requirements specified herein, but shall not be less than 30% of the laminate. An Ultra-Violet (UV) screening ingredient shall be integrally bound within the polyester matrix.

The strength and thickness of the outer jacket shall be as required to provide adequate strength and rigidity to withstand the forces and stresses it may be subjected to during handling, installation and the injection of epoxy grout, but shall not be less than 1/8 inch (3 mm) thick.

The outer jacket shall be translucent to the extent that the progression of epoxy grout inside the jacket during injection can be visually monitored from outside the jacket.

The outer jacket shall be equipped with 1" NPT injection ports, spaced at intervals not to exceed five (5) feet, along its entire length. The injection ports shall be positioned on alternately opposite sides of the jacket to allow for more even distribution of grout. The injection ports shall be of all-polymer construction and be fitted into the jacket wall prior to jacket installation, except in special situations, approved by the engineer, where a port may be added to accommodate an unanticipated jobsite condition.

The outer jacket shall have a sufficient number of polymer stand-offs, adhered to its inside surface, to maintain a minimum space between the pile and the jacket of 3/8 inch (9.5 mm). When loss of pile section exists, it may be necessary to use adjustable stand-offs to keep the outer jacket in proper alignment with the pile. At an adjustable stand-off location, a polymer boss shall be adhered to the inside surface of the jacket to provide adequate thread length to accommodate the adjustable polymer screw.

The outer jacket material, exclusive of polymer stand-offs and injection ports, shall possess the following minimum physical properties.

- 1. Ultimate Tensile Strength per ASTM D-638: 10,000 PSI
- 2. IZOD Impact Strength per ASTM D-256: 15 ft-lbf/inch. (Notched Sample)
- 3. Barcol Hardness per ASTM D-2583: 30
- 4. Water Absorption per ASTM D-570: 1% Maximum
- 5. Ultra Violet (UV) Stability as demonstrated by Accelerated Weathering Tests per ASTM G-23: Samples of outer jacket subjected to 500 hour exposure in Twin Carbon Arc Weather-ometer (ASTM G-23, Type D) operated at 145 degrees F., shall not exhibit any chipping, flaking or peeling. Said test to be conducted in twenty (20) minute cycles, consisting of seventeen (17) minutes of arc light and three (3) minutes of water spray, throughout the 500 hour test duration.

The outer jacket shall be fabricated in sections. Each section shall not contain more than two (2) longitudinal joints. Sections of jacket may be placed one above the other and joined together with transverse joints. All joints in the outer jacket shall meet the following minimum requirements:

- 1. All joints shall have sufficient strength to assure that they will not open or separate when subjected to installation stresses, sea forces and epoxy grout injection pressures.
- 2. The longitudinal joint design shall be of overlapping configuration and shall allow for minor field adjustment to pile size. The design of all joints shall ensure that a minimum 3/8 inch annulus between jacket and pile is maintained.

3. Transverse joints (if any) shall be of overlapping configuration.

The lower end of each outer jacket shall be provided with a molded upset cavity to properly receive and contain a bottom seal gasket.

Epoxy Grout

The Epoxy Grout must meet ALL requirements of this section and approved by the engineer prior to the

The epoxy grout shall be a manufactured, prepackaged, solvent-free, underwater curing, three component product, consisting of epoxy resin (component A), epoxy hardener (component B) and graded dry silica aggregate (component C). The ratio of the epoxy components A and B (collectively called the binder) shall be 1:1 by volume. The A and B components shall be of sharply contrasting colors, as supplied to the project, to minimize error in field proportioning and to assist in evaluating thoroughness of mixing. The grout shall be proportioned to meet the handling and placement requirements of this specification and the ratio of the filler to binder shall not exceed 3.5:1, by weight.

The mixed epoxy grout shall exhibit the following characteristics in the plastic state:

- 1. Viscosity of filled resin and filled curing agent shall be such that it may be pumped without segregation and be inject able into the space between the jacket and the pile without causing distortion or rupture of the jacket. The viscosity shall also be such that the blended grout completely fills the space between jacket and pile without voids and be reasonably self-leveling, once placed within the jacket.
- 2. The gel time or "Pot Life" of the blended grout shall be suitable for proper placement without voids, and allow sufficient time for reasonable self leveling within the jacket, yet in no case shall exceed 65 minutes after blending at a control temperature of 77 degrees F. (This requirement minimizes the possibility of the filler settling out of the liquid components.)
- 3. The blended grout shall be uniform in color and not contain any pockets or streaks of the original component colors.

The catalyzed Epoxy Grout, after curing under water, shall possess the following minimum physical properties in the hardened state.

- 1. 7 Day Compressive Strength per ASTM C-579: 7,000 PSI
- 2. 7 day Tensile Strength per ASTM C-307: 2,000 PSI
- 3. 7 day Bond/Shear Strength per ASTM C-882: 150 PSI
- 4. Shrinkage after 7 day's cure per ASTM C-531: 0.07% (Maximum)
- 5. Water Absorption after 7 day's cure per ASTM C-413: 0.45% (Maximum)

Marine Epoxy Pastes

The epoxy paste used to adhere the outer jacket seams and bottom seal gaskets, shall be a two component epoxy compound, capable of being applied underwater. The ratio of resin component to hardener component shall be 1:1 by volume and each component shall be of sharply contrasting color (e.g. black and white) to the other, to assist in evaluating the thoroughness of jobsite mixing.

The epoxy paste used to finish the tops of the encapsulations and to seal any in-situ bond test locations, shall be be a non-sag, two component epoxy compound, capable of being applied underwater. The ratio of resin component to hardener component shall be 1:1 by volume and each component shall be of sharply contrasting color (e.g. black and white) to the other, to assist in evaluating the thoroughness of jobsite mixing.

Epoxy Grout Hose Lubricant shall be approved by the manufacturer of the epoxy grout manufacturer. The lubricant must be an epoxy diluent, compatible with the chemistry of the epoxy grout used.

Equipment

The epoxy grout to be injected into the outer jackets shall be proportioned, mixed and pumped with equipment expressly designed for that purpose. The equipment shall be capable of delivering mixed grout into the jackets at the rate of 2 GPM or greater.

Temperature Control Equipment

When ambient and/or water temperatures are expected to fall below 70 degrees F., a source of heated water, such as a diver's water heater, shall be provided. The heated water shall be directed into water jackets surrounding the epoxy grout hoppers and injection hose(s). This equipment shall be capable of delivering a sufficient amount of heated water to maintain grout viscosity suitable for proper grout placement.

Materials Handling and Storage

Handling and storage of pile encapsulation materials shall strictly conform to the manufacturer's recommendations. A list of minimum handling and storage requirements follows:

Outer Jackets

Outer jackets shall be shipped in closed containers or covered with tarpaulins to prevent contamination by dirt or road films. Outer jackets shall be properly stored at the jobsite to minimize distortion and to prevent contamination by foot traffic and blown debris. If storage at project is to exceed 30 days, shaded storage shall be provided.

Epoxy Grout Components

The silica aggregate component of the epoxy grout shall be properly packaged and labeled to indicate point of origin and manufacturer's lot number. The aggregate shall be stored to assure that it is thoroughly dry when mixed in the epoxy grout. All liquid epoxy components to be used in the work shall be delivered to the jobsite in tightly sealed unopened containers, clearly labeled to indicate:

Name of manufacturer.

Manufacturer's product name and component designation.

Manufacturer's lot number and "Use before" date.

ANSI (American National Standards institute) hazardous material rating and handling precautions.

Epoxy liquid epoxy components shall be stored in a covered, well ventilated space. The storage temperature of the liquid components shall not exceed 120 degrees F nor be less than 40 degrees F at any time after receipt by the contractor. (See Epoxy Grout Preparation)

Containers containing liquid epoxy components shall always be sealed and air tight from time of receipt by contractor until entering the proportioning and blending process. When containers are opened for sampling or other purposes and containers remain partially filled, their lids will be tightly closed to prevent contamination by moisture or other substances. After the seal has been broken on a container, its contents must be used within seven (7) days or removed from the project.

All project personnel handling the epoxy grout or its liquid components shall be properly alerted to the Epoxy Safety Requirements supplied by the manufacturer. A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) shall be supplied with each shipment of liquid epoxy materials.

Submittals

Submit shop drawings and calculations to the Engineer for approval prior to start of fabrication. Submittal shall include:

- 1. Top and bottom elevations relative to project datum of each outer jacket to be installed.
- 2. Details and locations of typical longitudinal and transverse joints in the outer jackets, including a description of the joint sealing method(s).
- 3. Details of fixed and/or adjustable stand-offs and their location on the outer jackets.
- 4. Detail of typical outer jacket bottom seal.
- 5. Location and details of temporary bracing and outer jacket support required during placement and curing of epoxy grout.
- 6. Details of injection ports or other access points into outer jacket to facilitate placement of epoxy grout.
- 7. Details of installation sequence to be used to place the epoxy grout in the space between jacket and pile.
- 8. Detail of final finishing of epoxy grout at the top of the encapsulation.
- 9. Details of permanent closure of all injection ports and test locations in the outer jacket to be accomplished after epoxy grout placement is complete.

Material Certification

For materials to be used, the Supplier shall furnish a certificate to the Engineer attesting that the materials meet all the requirements contained herein and that they conform in all respects to the materials subjected to the tests required. Copies of current test reports shall be attached to the certificate. No test report for tests made more than one year prior to shipment will be accepted for the form material.

Construction Methods

Pile Cleaning

Prior to application of the encapsulation process, all pile surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned of marine growth, oil, grease, mud, rust, broken concrete, micro-organisms and any other deleterious material which might prevent proper bonding between the epoxy grout and the pile. Pile cleaning may be accomplished by grit blasting, water blasting, or by powered rotary abraders, and shall meet the satisfaction of the Engineer.

In environments where active marine growth occurs, it may be necessary to perform the pile cleaning in two (2) phases. In such environments, the first phase shall consist of removing marine growth, oil, grease, rust, broken concrete, etc., and shall occur not more than seven (7) days prior to the encapsulation. The second phase shall be a final surface preparation, removing all remaining deleterious substances including micro-organisms and shall occur not more than 48 hours prior to the placement of the epoxy grout in the outer pile jacket.

Outer Jacket Assembly

Only jackets with pre-fitted injection ports (by the contractor) are to be used.

The entire inside surface of the jacket shall be lightly grit blasted by the contractor to remove any bond breaking residue that may be present.

All fixed stand-offs or adjustable stand-off bosses shall be affixed to the jacket by the contractor in accordance with approved shop drawings. Maximum spacing between fixed stand-offs shall be 18" in the longitudinal direction and 12" in the transverse direction.

Jacket assembly and positioning around the pile shall be performed by the contractor in such a manner as to assure that no damage to stand-offs and/or set screws occurs and that there will be no detrimental movement of the joints while joint adhesive is curing.

Both the longitudinal and transverse seams, if any, shall be sealed by the contractor with marine epoxy paste as described above and fastened with 3/16" diameter stainless steel rivets. The spacing between individual fasteners shall not exceed 5".

The jacket shall be supported by temporary bracing or other means supplied by the contractor to assure that it will not move or distort during the epoxy grout placement and curing period and that the minimum annular space of 3/8 inch between pile and jacket is maintained throughout the entire encapsulation.

The contractor shall install a gasket to prevent the epoxy grout from leaving the bottom of the jacket during the injection process. The gasket shall be fitted into the molded cavity at the lower end of the jacket and adhered in place with marine epoxy paste. Any gasket material used in the bottom seal shall be contained within the molded cavity and shall not extend up into the jacket above the cavity.

Epoxy Grout Preparation

Proportioning and mixing of the epoxy grout shall be accomplished with equipment expressly designed for that purpose and shall be performed in a suitable work area within hose distance of the piles to be encapsulated.

Proportioning of the silica aggregate and the liquid epoxy components shall be performed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, with particular regard to temperature control. When ambient and/or water temperatures are expected to fall below 70 degrees F., the day's supply of grout filler and liquid components shall he pre-heated to above 80 degrees F., but never greater than 120 degrees F., prior to being introduced into the grout handling equipment. In no case shall open flame be used in direct contact with the equipment or the epoxy components.

Epoxy Grout Placement (Injection)

Before the injection process begins, at least 2 gallons of an approved grout hose lubricant shall be placed in each grout hopper. This lubricant shall be pumped through the entire system to coat all wetted surfaces of the hopper(s), pump(s) and hoses. When the lubricant level has reached the bottom of the hopper(s), it may be immediately followed by the epoxy grout and the remaining lubricant "chased" out of the hoses. All lubricant, that is not intermixed with the epoxy grout, may be collected at the downstream end of the hoses for re-use.

The premixed, aggregate filled epoxy grout shall be pumped through hoses to the jacket injection ports. If the plural component method of grout handling is used, the separate aggregate filled components shall be pumped through separate hoses to the mixer/blender assembly, where the components are then thoroughly blended and catalyzed, just prior to entering the pile jacket.

Grout injection shall begin at the bottom injection port. As the grout appears at the next higher port, and it has been determined that the space between the pile and the jacket is filled to that port, the lower port shall be capped off and the injection begun at the next higher port where the grout appeared. This process is repeated from port to port until the grout reaches the top of the jacket. NOTE: If project experience indicates that the grout can be injected from a lower port, past the next higher port or ports, without difficulty or undo stress on the jacket, the higher port or ports may be plugged and bypassed. The plugs shall be 1" NPT, Schedule 40, PVC, CPVC or Polypropylene.

At the contractor's option, he may inject a short lift of grout (six inches to 1 foot in height) into the bottom-most port and allow it to cure before proceeding with subsequent lifts. If this practice is used, the jackets shall be fitted with an additional injection port to coincide with the top of the first lift. Subsequent lifts of grout will follow the above procedures.

The injection process shall be continuous, except for brief interruptions when the injector is moved from port to port, and the speed of the injection process shall be controlled to prevent entrapment of water or air in the grout cavity being filled.

The maximum permissible voids in the epoxy grout within the jackets shall not exceed 0.01 square foot per one (1) square foot of encapsulation area. Any voids larger than two (2) inches in diameter shall be repaired by the contractor, using an approved method, at no expense to the owner.

Final Finishing and Inspection of the Completed Encapsulation

After the grouting process is completed and the grout has sufficiently cured, all temporary support for the jacket shall he removed.

The exposed epoxy grout at the top of each encapsulation shall he finished with the marine epoxy paste using the method shown in the approved shop drawings.

Measurement and Payment

Pile Encapsulation will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price bid per linear foot of encased pile and will be full compensation for removal, containment and disposal off-site of unsound concrete including the cost of materials, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to accomplish removal; shop drawings, cleaning the pile, jacket installation, falsework; furnishing and placement of epoxy grout including pumping equipment, pollution control, turbidity curtains, and all else required to repair deteriorated piles using pile encapsulation.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
Pile Encapsulation	Linear Feet

EPOXY MORTAR REPAIRS

(9-30-11)

1.0 MATERIAL PROPERTIES

Use a two-component paste epoxy bonding agent for the epoxy mortar conforming to the following requirements:

Density, lbs/gal	10.5
Specific Gravity	1.3
Minimum Application Temperature, °F	50
Application Temperature Range, °F	60 to 105
Shelf Life	1 year (min.)

	@ 60°F	@ 85°F	@ 105°F
Potlife, hr., 1 gallon	21/2	1	1/2
Open Time ¹ , minimum: hr.	4	13⁄4	3/4
Non-sag Thickness, inches (ASTM D2730)	1	3/4	1/2
Initial Cure ² , days (AASHTO T237)	10	6	3
Cure Time ³ , days (ASTM D695)	20	10	7

Typical Mechanical Properties ⁴						
Tensile Strength, psi Elongation at Break (ASTM D638)	1,500 4%					
Compressive Yield Strength, psi Compressive Modulus, psi (ASTM D695)	8,000 4.0 x 10 ⁵					
Heat Deflection Temperature ⁵ , °F (ASTM D648)	105					
Slant Shear Strength, psi Damp to Damp Concrete (AASHTO T237)	5,000 100% Concrete Failure					

- 1. From start of mixing to completion of repair
- 2. 5,000 psi minimum
- 3. Isothermal cure to eliminate effect of exotherm
- 4. Cure schedule 7 days @ 77°F, test temperature 77°F
- 5. 128°F after 28 day cure

2.0 SURFACE PREPARATION

Prior to the application of epoxy mortar, thoroughly clean surfaces to be repaired and remove all loose materials. Remove grease, wax, and oil contaminants by scrubbing with an industrial grade detergent or degreasing compound followed by a mechanical cleaning. Remove weak or deteriorated concrete to sound concrete by bush hammering, gritblasting, scarifying, waterblasting, or other approved methods. Remove dirt, dust, laitance and curing compounds by gritblasting, sanding, or etching with 15% hydrochloric acid.

Only acid etch if approved and follow it by scrubbing and flushing with copious amounts of clean water. Check the cleaning using moist pH paper. Water cleaning is complete when the paper reads 10 or higher.

Follow all mechanical cleaning with vacuum cleaning.

3.0 APPLICATION

When surface preparation is completed, apply epoxy mortar to areas as specified in the Special Provision for "Epoxy Resin Injection". Repair deep surface irregularities such as severe spalling with a 1:1 sand-epoxy mix. Use graded silica sand that is washed, kiln-dried, and bagged. Repair

shallow surface irregularities with the epoxy bonding agent. The finishing of those areas receiving the sand-epoxy mix with the epoxy bonding agent is permitted.

Apply epoxy mortar to damp surfaces only when approved. In such instances, remove all free water by air-blasting.

After applying the epoxy mortar, remove excessive material and provide a smooth, flush surface. Remove the epoxy material in accordance with the supplier's instructions.

4.0 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Payment for Epoxy Mortar Repairs will be at the contract unit price per square foot for "Epoxy Mortar Repairs". Such payment will be full compensation for furnishing all material, labor, tools and equipment necessary for performing this work complete in place and accepted. For repairs of edge or corner areas, the surface to be measured for payment will be the largest surface and the other surfaces will not be measured.

CONCRETE REPAIRS (9-30-11)

DESCRIPTION

Work includes removal of concrete in spalled, delaminated and/or cracked areas of the existing caps and columns in reasonably close conformity with the lines, depth, and details shown on the plans, described herein and as established by the Engineer. This work also includes straightening, cleaning, and replacement of reinforcing steel, dowelling new reinforcing steel, removing all loose materials, removing and disposing of debris, formwork, applying repair material, and protecting adjacent areas of the bridge and environment from material leakage. The repair material shall be one of the below described materials unless otherwise noted in the plans or provisions.

The location and extent of repairs shown on the plans described herein are general in nature. The Engineer determines the exact extent of removal in the field based on an evaluation of the condition of the exposed surfaces. The Contractor shall coordinate with the Engineer for removal operations such that repairs will not be implemented on more than one face of the concrete element without the approval of the engineer.

Repair, to the Engineer's satisfaction, any portion of the structure that is damaged from construction operations. No extra payment is provided for these repairs.

REPAIR MATERIAL OPTIONS

Polymer Modified Concrete Repair Material

Repair material shall be polymer modified cement mortar for vertical or overhead applications and shall be suitable for applications in marine environments. Material shall be approved for use by NCDOT. Submit repair material to the Engineer for review and approval prior to beginning the work. Color of repair material shall be concrete gray.

Prior to the application of repair mortar, square up edges in repair areas, thoroughly clean surfaces to be repaired and remove all loose materials. Remove grease, wax, salt, and oil contaminants by scrubbing with an industrial grade detergent or degreasing compound followed by a mechanical cleaning. Remove weak or deteriorated concrete to sound concrete by bush hammering, gritblasting, scarifying, waterblasting, or other approved methods. Remove dirt,

dust, laitance and curing compounds by gritblasting, sanding, or etching with 15% hydrochloric acid. Only acid etch if approved and follow it by scrubbing and flushing with copious amounts of clean water. Check the cleaning using moist pH paper. Water cleaning is complete when the paper reads 10 or higher. Follow all mechanical cleaning with vacuum cleaning.

When surface preparation is completed, mix and apply repair mortar in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Use aggregate that is washed, kiln-dried, and bagged. Apply bonding agent to all repair areas immediately prior to placing repair mortar. Repair areas shall be formed unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Form areas to establish the original neat lines of the member being repaired.

Apply repair mortar to damp surfaces only when approved. In such instances, remove all free water by air-blasting. After applying the repair mortar, remove excessive material and provide a smooth, flush surface.

Class A Concrete Repair Material

Repair material shall be Class A Portland Cement Concrete as described in Section 1000 of the Standard Specifications.

Prior to the application of Class A concrete, square up edges in repair areas, thoroughly clean surfaces to be repaired and remove all loose materials. Remove grease, wax, salt, and oil contaminants by scrubbing with an industrial grade detergent or degreasing compound followed by a mechanical cleaning. Remove weak or deteriorated concrete to sound concrete by bush hammering, gritblasting, scarifying, waterblasting, or other approved methods. Remove dirt, dust, laitance and curing compounds by gritblasting, sanding, or etching with 15% hydrochloric acid. Only acid etch if approved and follow it by scrubbing and flushing with copious amounts of clean water. Check the cleaning using moist pH paper. Water cleaning is complete when the paper reads 10 or higher. Follow all mechanical cleaning with vacuum cleaning.

When surface preparation is completed, mix and apply concrete in accordance with Standard Specifications and/or manufacturer's recommendations. Use aggregate that is washed, kiln-dried, and bagged. Apply bonding agent to all repair areas immediately prior to placing repair mortar. Repair areas shall be formed unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Form areas to establish the original neat lines of the member being repaired.

Apply concrete to damp surfaces only when approved. In such instances, remove all free water by air-blasting. After applying the repair mortar, remove excessive material and provide a smooth, flush surface.

TEMPORARY WORK PLATFORM

Prior to beginning any repair work, provide details for a sufficiently sized temporary work platform at each repair location. Design steel members to meet the requirements of the American Institute of Steel Construction Manual. Design timber members in accordance with the "National Design Specification for Stress-Grade Lumber and Its Fastenings" of the National Forest Products Association. Submit the platform design and plans for review and approval. The design and plans shall be sealed and signed by a North Carolina registered Professional Engineer. Do not install the platform until the design and plans are approved. Drilling holes in the superstructure for the purpose of attaching the platform is prohibited. Upon completion of work, remove all anchorages in the substructure and repair the substructure at no additional cost to the Department.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Concrete Repairs will be measured and paid for at the contract unit price bid per cubic foot and will be full compensation for removal, containment and disposal off-site of unsound concrete including the cost of materials, reinforcing steel, labor, tools, equipment and incidentals necessary to accomplish removal. Depth will be measured from a place at the original outside concrete face. The Contractor and Engineer will measure repair quantities after removal of unsound concrete and before application of repair material. Such payment will also include the cost of sandblasting, surface cleaning and preparation, cleaning of reinforcing steel, placement of new reinforcing steel, cost of temporary work platform, testing of the soundness of the exposed concrete surface, furnishing and installation of repair mortar material, curing and sampling of concrete, and protection/cleaning of adjacent areas from splatter or leakage.

Reinforcing Steel that is required for the repairs will be in accordance with Section 425 of the Standard Specifications.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item Pay Unit

Concrete Repairs Cubic Feet

SECURING OF VESSELS

(10-12-01)

Secure vessels in accordance with Section 107 of the Standard Specifications and the following provision.

When utilizing barges, tugboats or other vessels, take all necessary precautions to ensure that such vessels are securely anchored or moored when not in active operation. Take all necessary measures to ensure that the vessels are operated in a manner that avoids damage to or unnecessary contact with bridges and other highway structures and attachments. If severe weather conditions are anticipated, or should be anticipated through reasonable monitoring of weather forecasts, take additional measures to protect bridges and other highway structures and attachments from extreme conditions. The Contractor is strictly liable for damages to any bridge or other highway structure or attachment caused by a vessel owned or controlled by the Contractor. The Contractor is also liable to third parties for property damages and loss of revenue caused by vessels under the Contractor's control.

FALSEWORK AND FORMWORK

(4-5-12)

1.0 DESCRIPTION

Use this Special Provision as a guide to develop temporary works submittals required by the Standard Specifications or other provisions; no additional submittals are required herein. Such temporary works include, but are not limited to, falsework and formwork.

Falsework is any temporary construction used to support the permanent structure until it becomes self-supporting. Formwork is the temporary structure or mold used to retain plastic or fluid concrete in its designated shape until it hardens. Access scaffolding is a temporary structure that functions as a work platform that supports construction personnel, materials, and tools, but is not intended to support the structure. Scaffolding systems that are used to temporarily support permanent structures (as opposed to functioning as work platforms) are considered to be falsework under the definitions given. Shoring is a component of falsework such as horizontal, vertical, or

inclined support members. Where the term "temporary works" is used, it includes all of the temporary facilities used in bridge construction that do not become part of the permanent structure.

Design and construct safe and adequate temporary works that will support all loads imposed and provide the necessary rigidity to achieve the lines and grades shown on the plans in the final structure.

2.0 MATERIALS

Select materials suitable for temporary works; however, select materials that also ensure the safety and quality required by the design assumptions. The Engineer has authority to reject material on the basis of its condition, inappropriate use, safety, or nonconformance with the plans. Clearly identify allowable loads or stresses for all materials or manufactured devices on the plans. Revise the plan and notify the Engineer if any change to materials or material strengths is required.

3.0 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

A. Working Drawings

Provide working drawings for items as specified in the contract, or as required by the Engineer, with design calculations and supporting data in sufficient detail to permit a structural and safety review of the proposed design of the temporary work.

On the drawings, show all information necessary to allow the design of any component to be checked independently as determined by the Engineer.

When concrete placement is involved, include data such as the drawings of proposed sequence, rate of placement, direction of placement, and location of all construction joints. Submit the number of copies as called for by the contract.

When required, have the drawings and calculations prepared under the guidance of, and sealed by, a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer who is knowledgeable in temporary works design.

If requested by the Engineer, submit with the working drawings manufacturer's catalog data listing the weight of all construction equipment that will be supported on the temporary work. Show anticipated total settlements and/or deflections of falsework and forms on the working drawings. Include falsework footing settlements, joint take-up, and deflection of beams or girders.

As an option for the Contractor, overhang falsework hangers may be uniformly spaced, at a maximum of 36 inches, provided the following conditions are met:

Member Type (PCG)	Member Depth, (inches)	Max. Overhang Width, (inches)	Max. Slab Edge Thickness, (inches)	Max. Screed Wheel Weight, (lbs.)	Bracket Min. Vertical Leg Extension, (inches)
II	36	39	14	2000	26
III	45	42	14	2000	35
IV	54	45	14	2000	44
MBT	63	51	12	2000	50

MBT	72	55	12	1700	48
-----	----	----	----	------	----

Overhang width is measured from the centerline of the girder to the edge of the deck slab.

For Type II, III & IV prestressed concrete girders (PCG), 45-degree cast-in-place half hangers and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6,000 lbs.

For MBT prestressed concrete girders, 45-degree angle holes for falsework hanger rods shall be cast through the girder top flange and located, measuring along the top of the member, $1'-2\frac{1}{2}$ " from the edge of the top flange. Hanger hardware and rods must have a minimum safe working load of 6.000 lbs.

The overhang bracket provided for the diagonal leg shall have a minimum safe working load of 3,750 lbs. The vertical leg of the bracket shall extend to the point that the heel bears on the girder bottom flange, no closer than 4 inches from the bottom of the member. However, for 72-inch members, the heel of the bracket shall bear on the web, near the bottom flange transition.

Provide adequate overhang falsework and determine the appropriate adjustments for deck geometry, equipment, casting procedures and casting conditions.

If the optional overhang falsework spacing is used, indicate this on the falsework submittal and advise the girder producer of the proposed details. Failure to notify the Engineer of hanger type and hanger spacing on prestressed concrete girder casting drawings may delay the approval of those drawings.

Falsework hangers that support concentrated loads and are installed at the edge of thin top flange concrete girders (such as bulb tee girders) shall be spaced so as not to exceed 75% of the manufacturer's stated safe working load. Use of dual leg hangers (such as Meadow Burke HF-42 and HF-43) are not allowed on concrete girders with thin top flanges. Design the falsework and forms supporting deck slabs and overhangs on girder bridges so that there will be no differential settlement between the girders and the deck forms during placement of deck concrete.

When staged construction of the bridge deck is required, detail falsework and forms for screed and fluid concrete loads to be independent of any previous deck pour components when the mid-span girder deflection due to deck weight is greater than 3/4".

Note on the working drawings any anchorages, connectors, inserts, steel sleeves or other such devices used as part of the falsework or formwork that remains in the permanent structure. If the plan notes indicate that the structure contains the necessary corrosion protection required for a Corrosive Site, epoxy coat, galvanize or metalize these devices. Electroplating will not be allowed. Any coating required by the Engineer will be considered incidental to the various pay items requiring temporary works.

Design falsework and formwork requiring submittals in accordance with the 1995 AASHTO *Guide Design Specifications for Bridge Temporary Works* except as noted herein.

1. Wind Loads

Table 2.2 of Article 2.2.5.1 is modified to include wind velocities up to 110 mph. In addition, Table 2.2A is included to provide the maximum wind speeds by county in North Carolina.

Table 2.2 - Wind Pressure Values

Height Zone	Pressu	ire, lb/ft ² for	Indicated W	ind Velocity	y, mph
feet above ground	70	80	90	100	110
0 to 30	15	20	25	30	35
30 to 50	20	25	30	35	40
50 to 100	25	30	35	40	45
over 100	30	35	40	45	50

2. Time of Removal

The following requirements replace those of Article 3.4.8.2.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has attained strengths required in Article 420-16 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Do not remove forms until the concrete has sufficient strength to prevent damage to the surface.

Table 2.2A - Steady State Maximum Wind Speeds by Counties in North Carolina

COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY	25 YR (mph)	COUNTY	25 YR (mph)
Alamance	70	Franklin	70	Pamlico	100
Alexander	70	Gaston	70	Pasquotank	100
Alleghany	70	Gates	90	Pender	100
Anson	70	Graham	80	Perquimans	100
Ashe	70	Granville	70	Person	70
Avery	70	Greene	80	Pitt	90
Beaufort	100	Guilford	70	Polk	80
Bertie	90	Halifax	80	Randolph	70
Bladen	90	Harnett	70	Richmond	70
Brunswick	100	Haywood	80	Robeson	80
Buncombe	80	Henderson	80	Rockingham	70
Burke	70	Hertford	90	Rowan	70
Cabarrus	70	Hoke	70	Rutherford	70
Caldwell	70	Hyde	110	Sampson	90
Camden	100	Iredell	70	Scotland	70
Carteret	110	Jackson	80	Stanley	70
Caswell	70	Johnston	80	Stokes	70
Catawba	70	Jones	100	Surry	70
Cherokee	80	Lee	70	Swain	80
Chatham	70	Lenoir	90	Transylvania	80
Chowan	90	Lincoln	70	Tyrell	100
Clay	80	Macon	80	Union	70
Cleveland	70	Madison	80	Vance	70
Columbus	90	Martin	90	Wake	70
Craven	100	McDowell	70	Warren	70
Cumberland	80	Mecklenburg	70	Washington	100
Currituck	100	Mitchell	70	Watauga	70
Dare	110	Montgomery	70	Wayne	80
Davidson	70	Moore	70	Wilkes	70
Davie	70	Nash	80	Wilson	80
Duplin	90	New Hanover	100	Yadkin	70
Durham	70	Northampton	80	Yancey	70
Edgecombe	80	Onslow	100		
Forsyth	70	Orange	70		

B. Review and Approval

The Engineer is responsible for the review and approval of temporary works' drawings.

Submit the working drawings sufficiently in advance of proposed use to allow for their review, revision (if needed), and approval without delay to the work.

The time period for review of the working drawings does not begin until complete drawings and design calculations, when required, are received by the Engineer.

Do not start construction of any temporary work for which working drawings are required until the drawings have been approved. Such approval does not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the working drawings.

4.0 CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

All requirements of Section 420 of the Standard Specifications apply.

Construct temporary works in conformance with the approved working drawings. Ensure that the quality of materials and workmanship employed is consistent with that assumed in the design of the temporary works. Do not weld falsework members to any portion of the permanent structure unless approved. Show any welding to the permanent structure on the approved construction drawings.

Provide tell-tales attached to the forms and extending to the ground, or other means, for accurate measurement of falsework settlement. Make sure that the anticipated compressive settlement and/or deflection of falsework does not exceed 1 inch. For cast-in-place concrete structures, make sure that the calculated deflection of falsework flexural members does not exceed 1/240 of their span regardless of whether or not the deflection is compensated by camber strips.

A. Maintenance and Inspection

Inspect and maintain the temporary work in an acceptable condition throughout the period of its use. Certify that the manufactured devices have been maintained in a condition to allow them to safely carry their rated loads. Clearly mark each piece so that its capacity can be readily determined at the job site.

Perform an in-depth inspection of an applicable portion(s) of the temporary works, in the presence of the Engineer, not more than 24 hours prior to the beginning of each concrete placement. Inspect other temporary works at least once a month to ensure that they are functioning properly. Have a North Carolina Registered Professional Engineer inspect the cofferdams, shoring, sheathing, support of excavation structures, and support systems for load tests prior to loading.

B. Foundations

Determine the safe bearing capacity of the foundation material on which the supports for temporary works rest. If required by the Engineer, conduct load tests to verify proposed bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high-risk situations.

The use of the foundation support values shown on the contract plans of the permanent structure is permitted if the foundations are on the same level and on the same soil as those of the permanent structure.

Allow for adequate site drainage or soil protection to prevent soil saturation and washout of the soil supporting the temporary works supports.

If piles are used, the estimation of capacities and later confirmation during construction using standard procedures based on the driving characteristics of the pile is permitted. If preferred, use load tests to confirm the estimated capacities; or, if required by the Engineer conduct load tests to verify bearing capacity values that are marginal or in other high risk situations.

The Engineer reviews and approves the proposed pile and soil bearing capacities.

5.0 REMOVAL

Unless otherwise permitted, remove and keep all temporary works upon completion of the work. Do not disturb or otherwise damage the finished work.

Remove temporary works in conformance with the contract documents. Remove them in such a manner as to permit the structure to uniformly and gradually take the stresses due to its own weight.

6.0 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Unless otherwise specified, temporary works will not be directly measured.

7.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Payment at the contract unit prices for the various pay items requiring temporary works will be full compensation for the above falsework and formwork.

SUBMITTAL OF WORKING DRAWINGS

(2-10-12)

1.0 GENERAL

Submit working drawings in accordance with Article 105-2 of the *Standard Specifications* and this provision. For this provision, "submittals" refers to only those listed in this provision. The list of submittals contained herein does not represent a list of required submittals for the project. Submittals are only necessary for those items as required by the contract. Make submittals that are not specifically noted in this provision directly to the Resident Engineer. Either the Structure Design Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit or both units will jointly review submittals.

If a submittal contains variations from plan details or specifications or significantly affects project cost, field construction or operations, discuss the submittal with and submit all copies to the Resident Engineer. State the reason for the proposed variation in the submittal. To minimize review time, make sure all submittals are complete when initially submitted. Provide a contact name and information with each submittal. Direct any questions regarding submittal requirements to the Resident Engineer, Structure Design Unit contacts or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit contacts noted below.

In order to facilitate in-plant inspection by NCDOT and approval of working drawings, provide the name, address and telephone number of the facility where fabrication will actually be done if different than shown on the title block of the submitted working drawings. This includes, but is not limited to, precast concrete items, prestressed concrete items and fabricated steel or aluminum items.

2.0 ADDRESSES AND CONTACTS

For submittals to the Structure Design Unit, use the following addresses:

Via US mail:

Mr. G. R. Perfetti, P. E. State Bridge Design Engineer North Carolina Department

of Transportation Structure Design Unit 1581 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1581

Attention: Mr. P. D. Lambert, P. E.

Submittals may also be made via email.

Send submittals to:

plambert@ncdot.gov (Paul Lambert)

Send an additional e-copy of the submittal to the following address:

igaither@ncdot.gov (James Gaither) (James Bolden) jlbolden@ncdot.gov

For submittals to the Geotechnical Engineering Unit, use the following addresses:

For projects in Divisions 1-7, use the following Eastern Regional Office address:

Via US mail:

Mr. K. J. Kim, Ph. D., P. E. Eastern Regional Geotechnical

Manager

North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit Eastern Regional Office

1570 Mail Service Center

Raleigh, NC 27699-1570

Via other delivery service:

of Transportation

Structure Design Unit

Raleigh, NC 27610

1000 Birch Ridge Drive

Mr. G. R. Perfetti, P. E.

State Bridge Design Engineer

Attention: Mr. P. D. Lambert, P. E.

North Carolina Department

Via other delivery service:

Mr. K. J. Kim, Ph. D., P. E. Eastern Regional Geotechnical

Manager

North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit

Eastern Regional Office

3301 Jones Sausage Road, Suite 100

Garner, NC 27529

For projects in Divisions 8-14, use the following Western Regional Office address:

Via US mail: Via other delivery service:

Mr. John Pilipchuk, L. G., P. E. Western Regional Geotechnical

Manager

North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit Western Regional Office 5253 Z Max Boulevard Harrisburg, NC 28075

Mr. John Pilipchuk, L. G., P. E. Western Region Geotechnical

Manager

North Carolina Department

of Transportation

Geotechnical Engineering Unit Western Regional Office 5253 Z Max Boulevard Harrisburg, NC 28075

The status of the review of structure-related submittals sent to the Structure Design Unit can be viewed from the Unit's web site, via the "Contractor Submittal" link.

Direct any questions concerning submittal review status, review comments or drawing markups to the following contacts:

Primary Structures Contact: Paul Lambert (919) 707 – 6407

(919) 250 – 4082 facsimile

plambert@ncdot.gov

Secondary Structures Contacts: James Gaither (919) 707 – 6409

James Bolden (919) 707 – 6408

Eastern Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 1-7):

K. J. Kim (919) 662 – 4710

(919) 662 – 3095 facsimile

kkim@ncdot.gov

Western Regional Geotechnical Contact (Divisions 8-14):

John Pilipchuk (704) 455 – 8902 (704) 455 – 8912 facsimile

ipilipchuk@ncdot.gov

3.0 SUBMITTAL COPIES

Furnish one complete copy of each submittal, including all attachments, to the Resident Engineer. At the same time, submit the number of hard copies shown below of the same complete submittal directly to the Structure Design Unit and/or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

The first table below covers "Structure Submittals". The Resident Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Structure Design Unit. The second table in this section covers "Geotechnical Submittals". The Resident Engineer will receive review comments and drawing markups for these submittals from the Geotechnical Engineering Unit.

Unless otherwise required, submit one set of supporting calculations to either the Structure Design Unit or the Geotechnical Engineering Unit unless both units require submittal copies in which case submit a set of supporting calculations to each unit. Provide additional copies of any submittal as directed.

STRUCTURE SUBMITTALS

Submittal	Copies Required by Structure Design Unit	Copies Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit	Contract Reference Requiring Submittal ¹
Arch Culvert Falsework	5	0	Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork"
Box Culvert Falsework ⁷	5	0	Plan Note, SN Sheet & "Falsework and Formwork"
Cofferdams	6	2	Article 410-4
Foam Joint Seals ⁶	9	0	"Foam Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (hold down plate type with base angle)	9	0	"Expansion Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (modular)	2, then 9	0	"Modular Expansion Joint Seals"
Expansion Joint Seals (strip seals)	9	0	"Strip Seals"
Falsework & Forms ² (substructure)	8	0	Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork"
Falsework & Forms (superstructure)	8	0	Article 420-3 & "Falsework and Formwork"
Girder Erection over Railroad	5	0	Railroad Provisions
Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure	8	0	"Maintenance and Protection of Traffic Beneath Proposed Structure at Station"
Metal Bridge Railing	8	0	Plan Note
Metal Stay-in-Place Forms	8	0	Article 420-3
Metalwork for Elastomeric Bearings _{4,5}	7	0	Article 1072-8
Miscellaneous Metalwork 4,5	7	0	Article 1072-8
Optional Disc Bearings ⁴	8	0	"Optional Disc Bearings"
Overhead and Digital Message Signs (DMS) (metalwork and foundations)	13	0	Applicable Provisions
Placement of Equipment on Structures (cranes, etc.)	7	0	Article 420-20
Pot Bearings ⁴	8	0	"Pot Bearings"

Precast Concrete Box Culverts	2, then 1 reproducible	0	"Optional Precast Reinforced Concrete Box Culvert at Station"
Prestressed Concrete Cored Slab (detensioning sequences) ³	6	0	Article 1078-11
Prestressed Concrete Deck Panels	6 and 1 reproducible	0	Article 420-3
Prestressed Concrete Girder (strand elongation and detensioning sequences)	6	0	Articles 1078-8 and 1078-11
Removal of Existing Structure over Railroad	5	0	Railroad Provisions
Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to prestressed deck panels)	2, then 1 reproducible	0	Article 420-3
Revised Bridge Deck Plans (adaptation to modular expansion joint seals)	2, then 1 reproducible	0	"Modular Expansion Joint Seals"
Sound Barrier Wall (precast items)	10	0	Article 1077-2 & "Sound Barrier Wall"
Sound Barrier Wall Steel Fabrication Plans ⁵	7	0	Article 1072-8 & "Sound Barrier Wall"
Structural Steel ⁴	2, then 7	0	Article 1072-8
Temporary Detour Structures	10	2	Article 400-3 & "Construction, Maintenance and Removal of Temporary Structure at Station"
TFE Expansion Bearings ⁴	8	0	Article 1072-8

FOOTNOTES

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Articles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submittals for these items are necessary only when required by a note on plans.
- 3. Submittals for these items may not be required. A list of pre-approved sequences is available from the producer or the Materials & Tests Unit.
- 4. The fabricator may submit these items directly to the Structure Design Unit.
- 5. The two sets of preliminary submittals required by Article 1072-8 of the *Standard Specifications* are not required for these items.
- 6. Submittals for Fabrication Drawings are not required. Submittals for Catalogue Cuts of Proposed Material are required. See Section 5.A of the referenced provision.
- 7. Submittals are necessary only when the top slab thickness is 18" or greater.

GEOTECHNICAL SUBMITTALS

Submittal	Copies Required by Geotechnical Engineering Unit	Copies Required by Structure Design Unit	Contract Reference Requiring Submittal ¹
Drilled Pier Construction Plans ²	1	0	Subarticle 411-3(A)
Crosshole Sonic Logging (CSL) Reports ²	1	0	Subarticle 411-5(A)(2)
Pile Driving Equipment Data Forms 2,3	1	0	Subarticle 450-3(D)(2)
Pile Driving Analyzer (PDA) Reports ²	1	0	Subarticle 450-3(F)(3)
Retaining Walls ⁴	8 drawings, 2 calculations	2 drawings	Applicable Provisions
Temporary Shoring ⁴	5 drawings, 2 calculations	2 drawings	"Temporary Shoring" & "Temporary Soil Nail Walls"

FOOTNOTES

- 1. References are provided to help locate the part of the contract where the submittals are required. References in quotes refer to the provision by that name. Subarticles refer to the *Standard Specifications*.
- 2. Submit one hard copy of submittal to the Resident or Bridge Maintenance Engineer. Submit a second copy of submittal electronically (PDF via email) or by facsimile, US mail or other delivery service to the appropriate Geotechnical Engineering Unit regional office. Electronic submission is preferred.
- 3. The Pile Driving Equipment Data Form is available from: www.ncdot.org/doh/preconstruct/highway/geotech/formdet/ See second page of form for submittal instructions.
- 4. Electronic copy of submittal is required. See referenced provision.

CRANE SAFETY (8-15-05)

Comply with the manufacturer specifications and limitations applicable to the operation of any and all cranes and derricks. Prime contractors, sub-contractors, and fully operated rental companies shall comply with the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations (OSHA).

Submit all items listed below to the Engineer prior to beginning crane operations involving critical lifts. A critical lift is defined as any lift that exceeds 75 percent of the manufacturer's crane chart capacity for the radius at which the load will be lifted or requires the use of more than one crane. Changes in personnel or equipment must be reported to the Engineer and all applicable items listed below must be updated and submitted prior to continuing with crane operations.

CRANE SAFETY SUBMITTAL LIST

- A. <u>Competent Person:</u> Provide the name and qualifications of the "Competent Person" responsible for crane safety and lifting operations. The named competent person will have the responsibility and authority to stop any work activity due to safety concerns.
- B. <u>Riggers:</u> Provide the qualifications and experience of the persons responsible for rigging operations. Qualifications and experience should include, but not be limited to, weight calculations, center of gravity determinations, selection and inspection of sling and rigging equipment, and safe rigging practices.
- C. <u>Crane Inspections:</u> Inspection records for all cranes shall be current and readily accessible for review upon request.
- D. <u>Certifications:</u> By July 1, 2006, crane operators performing critical lifts shall be certified by NC CCO (National Commission for the Certification of Crane Operators), or satisfactorily complete the Carolinas AGC's Professional Crane Operator's Proficiency Program. Other approved nationally accredited programs will be considered upon request. All crane operators shall also have a current CDL medical card. Submit a list of anticipated critical lifts and corresponding crane operator(s). Include current certification for the type of crane operated (small hydraulic, large hydraulic, small lattice, large lattice) and medical evaluations for each operator.

GROUT FOR STRUCTURES

9-30-11

1.0 DESCRIPTION

This special provision addresses grout for use in pile blockouts, grout pockets, shear keys, dowel holes and recesses for structures. This provision does not apply to grout placed in post-tensioning ducts for bridge beams, girders, or decks. Mix and place grout in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, the applicable sections of the Standard Specifications and this provision.

2.0 MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS

Use a Department approved pre-packaged, non-shrink, non-metallic grout. Contact the Materials and Tests Unit for a list of approved pre-packaged grouts and consult the manufacturer to determine if the pre-packaged grout selected is suitable for the required application.

When using an approved pre-packaged grout, a grout mix design submittal is not required.

The grout shall be free of soluble chlorides and contain less than one percent soluble sulfate. Supply water in compliance with Article 1024-4 of the Standard Specifications.

Aggregate may be added to the mix only where recommended or permitted by the manufacturer and Engineer. The quantity and gradation of the aggregate shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Admixtures, if approved by the Department, shall be used in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The manufacture date shall be clearly stamped on each container. Admixtures with an expired shelf life shall not be used.

The Engineer reserves the right to reject material based on unsatisfactory performance.

Initial setting time shall not be less than 10 minutes when tested in accordance with ASTM C266.

Test the expansion and shrinkage of the grout in accordance with ASTM C1090. The grout shall expand no more than 0.2% and shall exhibit no shrinkage. Furnish a Type 4 material certification showing results of tests conducted to determine the properties listed in the Standard Specifications and to assure the material is non-shrink.

Unless required elsewhere in the contract the compressive strength at 3 days shall be at least 5000 psi. Compressive strength in the laboratory shall be determined in accordance with ASTM C109 except the test mix shall contain only water and the dry manufactured material. Compressive strength in the field will be determined by molding and testing 4" x 8" cylinders in accordance with AASHTO T22. Construction loading and traffic loading shall not be allowed until the 3 day compressive strength is achieved.

When tested in accordance with ASTM C666, Procedure A, the durability factor of the grout shall not be less than 80.

3.0 SAMPLING AND PLACEMENT

Place and maintain components in final position until grout placement is complete and accepted. Concrete surfaces to receive grout shall be free of defective concrete, laitance, oil, grease and other foreign matter. Saturate concrete surfaces with clean water and remove excess water prior to placing grout.

Do not place grout if the grout temperature is less than $50^{\circ}F$ or more than $90^{\circ}F$ or if the air temperature measured at the location of the grouting operation in the shade away from artificial heat is below $45^{\circ}F$.

Provide grout at a rate that permits proper handling, placing and finishing in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations unless directed otherwise by the Engineer. Use grout free of any lumps and undispersed cement. Agitate grout continuously before placement.

Control grout delivery so the interval between placing batches in the same component does not exceed 20 minutes.

The Engineer will determine the locations to sample grout and the number and type of samples collected for field and laboratory testing. The compressive strength of the grout will be considered the average compressive strength test results of 3 cube or 2 cylinder specimens at 28 days.

4.0 BASIS OF PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for "Grout for Structures". The cost of the material, equipment, labor, placement, and any incidentals necessary to complete the work shall be considered incidental to the structure item requiring grout.

STANDARD SPECIAL PROVISION AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS – TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

(5-20-08) Z-2

General Statute 143C-6-11. (h) Highway Appropriation is hereby incorporated verbatim in this contract as follows:

(h) Amounts Encumbered. – Transportation project appropriations may be encumbered in the amount of allotments made to the Department of Transportation by the Director for the estimated payments for transportation project contract work to be performed in the appropriation fiscal year. The allotments shall be multiyear allotments and shall be based on estimated revenues and shall be subject to the maximum contract authority contained in *General Statute 143C-6-11(c)*. Payment for transportation project work performed pursuant to contract in any fiscal year other than the current fiscal year is subject to appropriations by the General Assembly. Transportation project contracts shall contain a schedule of estimated completion progress, and any acceleration of this progress shall be subject to the approval of the Department of Transportation provided funds are available. The State reserves the right to terminate or suspend any transportation project contract, and any transportation project contract shall be so terminated or suspended if funds will not be available for payment of the work to be performed during that fiscal year pursuant to the contract. In the event of termination of any contract, the contractor shall be given a written notice of termination at least 60 days before completion of scheduled work for which funds are available. In the event of termination, the contractor shall be paid for the work already performed in accordance with the contract specifications.

Payment will be made on any contract terminated pursuant to the special provision in accordance with Article 108-13(E), of the *North Carolina Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures*, dated July 1, 2012.

ERRATA

(1-17-12) (Rev. 5-15-12)

Revise the 2012 Standard Specifications as follows:

Division 2

Page 2-7, line 31, Article 215-2 Construction Methods, replace "Article 107-26" with "Article 107-25". Page 2-17, Article 226-3, Measurement and Payment, line 2, delete "pipe culverts,".

Page 2-20, Subarticle 230-4(B), Contractor Furnished Sources, change references as follows: Line 1, replace "(4) Buffer Zone" with "(c) Buffer Zone"; Line 12, replace "(5) Evaluation for Potential Wetlands and Endangered Species" with "(d) Evaluation for Potential Wetlands and Endangered Species"; and Line 33, replace "(6) Approval" with "(4) Approval".

Division 4

Page 4-77, line 27, Subarticle 452-3(C) Concrete Coping, replace "sheet pile" with "reinforcement".

Division 6

Page 6-7, line 31, Article 609-3 Field Verification of Mixture and Job Mix Formula Adjustments, replace "30" with "45".

Page 6-10, line 42, Subarticle 609-6(C)(2), replace "Subarticle 609-6(E)" with "Subarticle 609-6(D)".

Page 6-11, Table 609-1 Control Limits, replace "Max. Spec. Limit" for the Target Source of $P_{0.075}/P_{be}$ Ratio with "1.0".

Page 6-40, Article 650-2 Materials, replace "Subarticle 1012-1(F)" with "Subarticle 1012-1(E)"

Division 10

Page 10-74, Table 1056-1 Geotextile Requirements, replace "50%" for the UV Stability (Retained Strength) of Type 5 geotextiles with "70%".

Division 12

Page 12-8, Table 1205-4 and 1205-5, replace "THERMOPLASTIC" in the title of these tables with "POLYUREA".

Division 15

Page 15-6, Subarticle 1510-3(B), after line 21, replace the allowable leakage formula with the following: $W = LD\sqrt{P} \div 148,000$

Page 15-6, Subarticle 1510-3(B), line 32, delete "may be performed concurrently or" and replace with "shall be performed".

Page 15-17, Subarticle 1540-3(E), line 27, delete "Type 1".

Division 17

Page 17-26, line 42, Subarticle 1731-3(D) Termination and Splicing within Interconnect Center, delete this subarticle.

Revise the 2012 Roadway Standard Drawings as follows:

1633.01 Sheet 1 of 1, English Standard Drawing for Matting Installation, replace "1633.01" with "1631.01".

PLANT AND PEST QUARANTINES

(Imported Fire Ant, Gypsy Moth, Witchweed, And Other Noxious Weeds)

(3-18-03)

Z-04a

Within quarantined area

This project may be within a county regulated for plant and/or pests. If the project or any part of the Contractor's operations is located within a quarantined area, thoroughly clean all equipment prior to moving out of the quarantined area. Comply with federal/state regulations by obtaining a certificate or limited permit for any regulated article moving from the quarantined area.

Originating in a quarantined county

Obtain a certificate or limited permit issued by the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture. Have the certificate or limited permit accompany the article when it arrives at the project site.

Contact

Contact the N.C. Department of Agriculture/United States Department of Agriculture at 1-800-206-9333, 919-733-6932, or *http://www.ncagr.com/plantind/* to determine those specific project sites located in the quarantined area or for any regulated article used on this project originating in a quarantined county.

Regulated Articles Include

- 1. Soil, sand, gravel, compost, peat, humus, muck, and decomposed manure, separately or with other articles. This includes movement of articles listed above that may be associated with cut/waste, ditch pulling, and shoulder cutting.
- 2. Plants with roots including grass sod.
- 3. Plant crowns and roots.
- 4. Bulbs, corms, rhizomes, and tubers of ornamental plants.
- 5. Hay, straw, fodder, and plant litter of any kind.
- 6. Clearing and grubbing debris.
- 7. Used agricultural cultivating and harvesting equipment.
- 8. Used earth-moving equipment.
- 9. Any other products, articles, or means of conveyance, of any character, if determined by an inspector to present a hazard of spreading imported fire ant, gypsy moth, witchweed or other noxious weeds.

MINIMUM WAGES

(7-21-09) Z-5

<u>FEDERAL:</u> The Fair Labor Standards Act provides that with certain exceptions every employer shall

pay wages at the rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS

(\$7.25) per hour.

STATE: The North Carolina Minimum Wage Act provides that every employer shall pay to each

of his employees, wages at a rate of not less than SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY

FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all skilled labor employed on this contract shall be SEVEN

DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all intermediate labor employed on this contract shall be

SEVEN DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all unskilled labor on this contract shall be SEVEN

DOLLARS AND TWENTY FIVE CENTS (\$7.25) per hour.

This determination of the intent of the application of this act to the contract on this

project is the responsibility of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall have no claim against the Department of Transportation for any changes in the minimum wage laws, Federal or State. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to keep fully informed of all Federal and State Laws affecting his contract.

ON-THE-JOB TRAINING:

(10-16-07) (Rev 7-21-09) Z-10

Description

The North Carolina Department of Transportation will administer a custom version of the Federal On-the-Job Training (OJT) Program, commonly referred to as the Alternate OJT Program. All contractors (existing and newcomers) will be automatically placed in the Alternate Program. Standard OJT requirements typically associated with individual projects will no longer be applied at the project level. Instead, these requirements will be applicable on an annual basis for each contractor administered by the OJT Program Manager.

On the Job Training shall meet the requirements of 23 CFR 230.107 (b), 23 USC – Section 140, this provision and the On-the-Job Training Program Manual.

The Alternate OJT Program will allow a contractor to train employees on Federal, State and privately funded projects located in North Carolina. However, priority shall be given to training employees on NCDOT Federal-Aid funded projects.

Minorities and Women

Developing, training and upgrading of minorities and women toward journeyman level status is a primary objective of this special training provision. Accordingly, the Contractor shall make every effort to enroll minority and women as trainees to the extent that such persons are available within a reasonable area of recruitment. This training commitment is not intended, and shall not be used, to discriminate against any applicant for training, whether a member of a minority group or not.

Assigning Training Goals

The Department, through the OJT Program Manager, will assign training goals for a calendar year based on the contractors' past three years' activity and the contractors' anticipated upcoming year's activity with the Department. At the beginning of each year, all contractors eligible will be contacted by the Department to determine the number of trainees that will be assigned for the upcoming calendar year. At that time the Contractor shall enter into an agreement with the Department to provide a self-imposed onthe-job training program for the calendar year. This agreement will include a specific number of annual training goals agreed to by both parties. The number of training assignments may range from 1 to 15 per contractor per calendar year. The Contractor shall sign an agreement to fulfill their annual goal for the year. A sample agreement is available at www.ncdot.org/business/ocs/ojt/.

Training Classifications

The Contractor shall provide on-the-job training aimed at developing full journeyman level workers in the construction craft/operator positions. Preference shall be given to providing training in the following skilled work classifications:

Equipment Operators Office Engineers
Truck Drivers Estimators

Carpenters Iron / Reinforcing Steel Workers

Concrete Finishers Mechanics

Pipe Layers Welders

The Department has established common training classifications and their respective training requirements that may be used by the contractors. However, the classifications established are not all-inclusive. Where the training is oriented toward construction applications, training will be allowed in lower-level management positions such as office engineers and estimators. Contractors shall submit new classifications for specific job functions that their employees are performing. The Department will review and recommend for acceptance to FHWA the new classifications proposed by contractors, if applicable. New classifications shall meet the following requirements:

Proposed training classifications are reasonable and realistic based on the job skill classification needs, and

The number of training hours specified in the training classification is consistent with common practices and provides enough time for the trainee to obtain journeyman level status.

The Contractor may allow trainees to be trained by a subcontractor provided that the Contractor retains primary responsibility for meeting the training and this provision is made applicable to the subcontract. However, only the Contractor will receive credit towards the annual goal for the trainee.

Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. The number of trainees shall be distributed among the work classifications on the basis of the contractor's needs and the availability of journeymen in the various classifications within a reasonable area of recruitment.

No employee shall be employed as a trainee in any classification in which they have successfully completed a training course leading to journeyman level status or in which they have been employed as a journeyman.

Records and Reports

The Contractor shall maintain enrollment, monthly and completion reports documenting company compliance under these contract documents. These documents and any other information as requested shall be submitted to the OJT Program Manager.

Upon completion and graduation of the program, the Contractor shall provide each trainee with a certification Certificate showing the type and length of training satisfactorily completed.

Trainee Interviews

All trainees enrolled in the program will receive an initial and Trainee/Post graduate interview conducted by the OJT program staff.

Trainee Wages

Contractors shall compensate trainees on a graduating pay scale based upon a percentage of the prevailing minimum journeyman wages (Davis-Bacon Act). Minimum pay shall be as follows:

54

60 percent	of the journeyman wage for the first half of the training period
75 percent	of the journeyman wage for the third quarter of the training period
90 percent	of the journeyman wage for the last quarter of the training period

In no instance shall a trainee be paid less than the local minimum wage. The Contractor shall adhere to the minimum hourly wage rate that will satisfy both the NC Department of Labor (NCDOL) and the Department.

Achieving or Failing to Meet Training Goals

The Contractor will be credited for each trainee employed by him on the contract work who is currently enrolled or becomes enrolled in an approved program and who receives training for at least 50 percent of the specific program requirement. Trainees will be allowed to be transferred between projects if required by the Contractor's scheduled workload to meet training goals.

If a contractor fails to attain their training assignments for the calendar year, they may be taken off the NCDOT's Bidders List.

Measurement and Payment

No compensation will be made for providing required training in accordance with these contract documents.

AWARD LIMITS ON MULTIPLE PROJECTS

It is the desire of the Proposer to be awar of \$	rded contracts, the value of which will not exceed a tota
Form. Individual projects shall be indi-	ng opened on the same date as shown in the Proposa cated by placing the project number and county in the
appropriate place below. Projects not sel	ected will not be subject to an award limit.
(Project Number)	(County)
*If a Proposer desires to limit the total a state such limit in the space provided abo	amount of work awarded to him in this letting, he shall ve in the second line of this form.
total value of which is more that the about will award me (us) projects from among	we are) the successful bidder on indicated projects, the ove stipulated award limits, the Board of Transportation those indicated which have a total value not exceeding the best advantage to the Department of Transportation.
	**Signature of Authorized Person

^{**}Only those persons authorized to sign bids under the provisions of Article 102-8, Item 7, shall be authorized to sign this form.

O SNILSTING O	F MBE	& WBE	LISTING OF MBE & WBE SUBCONTRACTORS	ORS	
				Sheet	of
FIRM NAME AND ADDRESS	MBE or WBE	ITEM NO.	ITEM DESCRIPTION	* AGREED UPON UNIT PRICE	** DOLLAR VOLUME OF ITEM
Contract No.		County		Firm	

This form must be completed in order for the Bid to be considered responsive and be publicly read. Bidders with no MBE and/or WBE participation must so indicate this on the form by entering the word or number zero.

O SNILSIT	F MBE	& WBE	LISTING OF MBE & WBE SUBCONTRACTORS)RS	
				Sheet	of
FIRM NAME AND ADDRESS	MBE or WBE	ITEM NO.	ITEM DESCRIPTION	* AGREED UPON UNIT PRICE	** DOLLAR VOLUME OF ITEM
			** Pollar Volume of MBF Subcontractor	RF Subcontractor	€

* The Dollar Volume shown in this column shall be the Actual Price Agreed Upon by the Prime Contractor and the MBE and/or WBE subcontractor, and these prices will be used to determine the percentage of the MBE and/or WBE participation in the contract.

MBE Percentage of Total Contract Bid Price

** Dollar Volume of WBE Subcontractor \$

WBE Percentage of Total Contract Bid Price

%

%

** Must have entry even if figure to be entered is zero.

Bidders with no MBE and/or WBE participation must so indicate this on the form by entering the word or number zero. This form must be completed in order for the Bid to be considered responsive and be publicly read.

CORPORATION

The person executing the bid, on behalf of the Bidder, being duly sworn, solemnly swears (or affirms) that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee of the bidder has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the bidder has not been convicted of violating *N.C.G.S.* § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the Bidder intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and is not bidding for the benefit of another contractor.

In addition, execution of this bid in the proper manner also constitutes the Bidder's certification of status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. § 133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR

	1	Full name of Corpor	ation
		A.11	· c 1
		Address as prequal	ined
Attest		Ву	
_	Secretary/Assistant Secretary Select appropriate title		President/Vice President/Assistant Vice President Select appropriate title
	Print or type Signer's name		Print or type Signer's name
			CORPORATE SEAL
	AFFIDAV	IT MUST BE	NOTARIZED
Subscribe	d and sworn to before me this	the	
day	y of	_ 20	
			NOTARY SEAL
	Signature of Notary Public		
of	C	ounty	
State of _			
My Comn	nission Expires:		

PARTNERSHIP

The person executing the bid, on behalf of the Bidder, being duly sworn, solemnly swears (or affirms) that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee of the bidder has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the bidder has not been convicted of violating *N.C.G.S.* § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the Bidder intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and is not bidding for the benefit of another contractor.

In addition, execution of this bid in the proper manner also constitutes the Bidder's certification of status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. § 133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR

Full Name	of Partnership
T of T white	of Facilities and
Address a	s Prequalified
	By
Signature of Witness	By Signature of Partner
Print or type Signer's name	Print or type Signer's name
AFFIDAVIT MU	ST BE NOTARIZED
Subscribed and sworn to before me this the	NOTARY SEAL
day of 20	
Signature of Notary Public	<u></u>
ofCounty	
State of	
State of	

My Commission Expires:_____

LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

The person executing the bid, on behalf of the Bidder, being duly sworn, solemnly swears (or affirms) that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee of the bidder has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the bidder has not been convicted of violating *N.C.G.S.* § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the Bidder intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and is not bidding for the benefit of another contractor.

In addition, execution of this bid in the proper manner also constitutes the Bidder's certification of status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. § 133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR

	E 1137 AEI	
	Full Name of Firm	
	Address as Prequalified	
	Signature of Manager	
Signature of Witness	_	Individually
	_	
Print or type Signer's name		Defeat and one Change In Name
		Print or type Signer's Name
	IT MUST BE NOTA	RIZED
AFFIDAV		RIZED
AFFIDAV		RIZED
AFFIDAV		RIZED
AFFIDAVI Subscribed and sworn to before me this the day of 20	: 	RIZED
AFFIDAVI Subscribed and sworn to before me this the day of 20 Signature of Notary Public	 ty	RIZED

My Commission Expires:_____

EXECUTION OF BID NON-COLLUSION AFFIDAVIT, DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION AND GIFT BAN CERTIFICATION **JOINT VENTURE (2) or (3)**

The person executing the bid, on behalf of the Bidder, being duly sworn, solemnly swears (or affirms) that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee of the bidder has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the bidder has not been convicted of violating N.C.G.S. § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the Bidder intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and is not bidding for the benefit of another contractor.

In addition, execution of this bid in the proper manner also constitutes the Bidder's certification of status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. § 133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR

Instructions: 2 Joint Venturers Fill in lines (1), (2) and (3) and execute. 3 Joint Venturers Fill in lines (1), (2), (3) and (4) and execute. On Line (1), fill in the name of the Joint Venture Company. On Line (2), fill in the name of one of the joint venturers and execute below in the appropriate manner. On Line (3), print or type the name of the other joint venturer and execute below in the appropriate manner. On Line (4), fill in the name of the third joint venturer, if applicable and execute below in the appropriate manner.

(1)			
(2)		Name of Joint Venture	
		Name of Contractor	
		Address as prequalified	
	Signature of Witness or Attest	Ву	Signature of Contractor
	Print or type Signer's name		Print or type Signer's name
	If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal	and	
(3)			
		Name of Contractor	
		Address as prequalified	
	Signature of Witness or Attest	By	Signature of Contractor
	Print or type Signer's name		Print or type Signer's name
	If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal	and	
(4)		Name of Contractor (for 3 Joint Ventur	re only)
		Address as prequalified	
	Signature of Witness or Attest		Signature of Contractor
	Print or type Signer's name		Print or type Signer's name
	If Corporation, affix Corporate Seal		
TARY SEA		NOTARY SEAL	NOTARYS
	be notarized for Line (2) d sworn to before me this	Affidavit must be notarized for Line (3	
	d sworn to before me this20	Subscribed and sworn to before me thday of	
	Notary Public	Signature of Notary Public	Signature of Notary Public
	County	of State of	County ofCount State of
	ion Expires:	My Commission Expires:	State or My Commission Expires:
commissi	ion Expires	171 y COMMINSSION EXPITES.	IVIY COMMISSION EXPIRES

INDIVIDUAL DOING BUSINESS UNDER A FIRM NAME

The person executing the bid, on behalf of the Bidder, being duly sworn, solemnly swears (or affirms) that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee of the bidder has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the bidder has not been convicted of violating *N.C.G.S.* § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the Bidder intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and is not bidding for the benefit of another contractor.

In addition, execution of this bid in the proper manner also constitutes the Bidder's certification of status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. § 133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR

Name of Contractor				
		Individual name		
Trading and doing business as				
		Full name of Firm		
	Address as Pre	equalified		
Signature of Witness		Signature of Contractor, Individually		
Print or type Signer's nar	me	Print or type Signer's name		
AFF	'IDAVIT MUST I	BE NOTARIZED		
Subscribed and sworn to before me	this the	NOTARY SEAL		
day of	20			
Signature of Notary Pub	blic			
of	County			
State of				
My Commission Expires:				

INDIVIDUAL DOING BUSINESS IN HIS OWN NAME

The person executing the bid, on behalf of the Bidder, being duly sworn, solemnly swears (or affirms) that neither he, nor any official, agent or employee of the bidder has entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action which is in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with any bid or contract, that the bidder has not been convicted of violating *N.C.G.S.* § 133-24 within the last three years, and that the Bidder intends to do the work with its own bonafide employees or subcontractors and is not bidding for the benefit of another contractor.

In addition, execution of this bid in the proper manner also constitutes the Bidder's certification of status under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States in accordance with the Debarment Certification attached, provided that the Debarment Certification also includes any required statements concerning exceptions that are applicable.

N.C.G.S. § 133-32 and Executive Order 24 prohibit the offer to, or acceptance by, any State Employee of any gift from anyone with a contract with the State, or from any person seeking to do business with the State. By execution of any response in this procurement, you attest, for your entire organization and its employees or agents, that you are not aware that any such gift has been offered, accepted, or promised by any employees of your organization.

SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTOR

Name of Contractor Property Pr	rint or type Individual name
Address as Pro	equalified
Tada ess de l'A	cquanted
_	
	Signature of Contractor, Individually
<u> </u>	Print or type Signer's Name
Signature of Witness	
Print or type Signer's name	
AFFIDAVIT MUST	BE NOTARIZED
Subscribed and sworn to before me this the	NOTARY SEAL
day of 20	
Signature of Notary Public	
ofCounty	
State of	
My Commission Expires:	

DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

Conditions for certification:

- 1. The prequalified bidder shall provide immediate written notice to the Department if at any time the bidder learns that his certification was erroneous when he submitted his debarment certification or explanation that is file with the Department, or has become erroneous because of changed circumstances.
- 2. The terms covered transaction, debarred, suspended, ineligible, lower tier covered transaction, participant, person, primary covered transaction, principal, proposal, and voluntarily excluded, as used in this provision, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. A copy of the Federal Rules requiring this certification and detailing the definitions and coverages may be obtained from the Contract Officer of the Department.
- 3. The prequalified bidder agrees by submitting this form, that he will not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in NCDOT contracts, unless authorized by the Department.
- 4. For Federal Aid projects, the prequalified bidder further agrees that by submitting this form he will include the Federal-Aid Provision titled *Required Contract Provisions Federal-Aid Construction Contract (Form FHWA PR* 1273) provided by the Department, without subsequent modification, in all lower tier covered transactions.
- 5. The prequalified bidder may rely upon a certification of a participant in a lower tier covered transaction that he is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless he knows that the certification is erroneous. The bidder may decide the method and frequency by which he will determine the eligibility of his subcontractors.
- 6. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this provision. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 7. Except as authorized in paragraph 6 herein, the Department may terminate any contract if the bidder knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available by the Federal Government.

DEBARMENT CERTIFICATION

The prequalified bidder certifies to the best of his knowledge and belief, that he and his principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records; making false statements; or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph b. of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- e. Will submit a revised Debarment Certification immediately if his status changes and will show in his bid proposal an explanation for the change in status.

If the prequalified bidder cannot certify that he is not debarred, he shall provide an explanation with this submittal. An explanation will not necessarily result in denial of participation in a contract.

Failure to submit a non-collusion affidavit and debarment certification will result in the prequalified bidder's bid being considered non-responsive.

Check here if an explanation is attached to this certification	ation.

Jun 05, 2012 3:23 pm

ITEMIZED PROPOSAL FOR CONTRACT NO. DB00081

Page 1 of 1

County: Pamlico

Line #	Item Number	Sec #	Description	Quantity	Unit Cost	Amount
		S	TRUCTURE ITEMS			
0001	0000100000-N	800	MOBILIZATION	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0002	4399000000-N	1105	TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL	Lump Sum	L.S.	
0003	8660000000-E	SP	CONCRETE REPAIRS	16.6 CF		
0004	 8867000000-E	 SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM	 130		
0004	0007000000 E	Oi.	PILE ENCAPSULATION	LF		
0005	8867000000-E	 SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM	174		
			PILE JACKETS	LF		
0006	8892000000-E	SP	GENERIC STRUCTURE ITEM	450		
			CLEANING & PAINTING OF EXISTIN G PILES	SF		

1523/Jun05/Q772.6/D39685100000/E6

Total Amount Of Bid For Entire Project :

uance with Article 105-1 of the Standard Specifications
LETED BY NC DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION dance with Article 103-1 of the Standard Specifications
Date
Title
Date
Title
Contractors License Number